

WILL RESORT TO BRIBERY.

THE SUGAR TRUST IS DETERMINED TO CARRY ITS POINT.

Will Stop at Nothing to Have the Senate Schedule Adopted by Congress.

HAS AN ABLE EXPONENT AND MANIPULATOR IN JONES OF NEVADA.

Reed Stands Firmly in His Opposition and Presidential Politics Mixing in It.

From a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.—The struggle over the sugar schedule continues. The agents of the American Refining Co. in the Senate have not abandoned their efforts. They still insist on a duty that will bring huge profits to the trust.

The members of the conference committee from the House remain steadfast. They have not yielded to the onslaughts of the Havemeyer interests. The sugar schedule is no nearer settlement than it was yesterday.

The fall in the market price of sugar certificates was due to intelligence from Washington that reached New York. The street previously ran away with itself on false reports sent out from interested sources here. Some of the so-called information was sent directly by Senators.

The huge stock jobbing scheme was largely of Washington origin. Senator Jones of Nevada could tell a good deal about the upward movement in sugar if he would loosen his tongue. He is the Memphisian on whom the chief responsibility falls. This long-headed old man, the brains of the silver movement, is carrying the weight of the Senate will not obtain at least a portion of his demands.

Speaker Reed's lips have been firmly set. He has talked with Senators and Representatives. He has lent his powerful influence in behalf of the House sugar schedule, an influence that is felt stronger than ever.

Said an intimate friend of Mr. Reed: "The power of the Speaker for good will prevail against all but the power of money." By this it was meant that the Trust will strive to attain its ends by bribery, direct or indirect.

The advocates of moderate protection for sugar realize that at the present stage of the contest the unlimited resources of the Trust are likely to be drawn on.

RAISED A RUMPUS.

Cardinal Vaughan's Jubilee Sermon Circulated in Pamphlet Form.

(Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.)
LONDON, July 15.—A storm has been created in the Church of England by some of the passages in the jubilee sermon of Cardinal Vaughan, Catholic Archbishop of Westminster.

Owing to the fact that it was preached at the height of the jubilee festivities, it received but scant attention from the press, but it has since been put into pamphlet form and a quarter of a million copies printed for distribution in the various dioceses.

The passages that have raised a rumpus are those in which the Cardinal congratulates the high church party in the Church of England upon having permeated the Church with Catholic doctrines and practices, and in which he expresses his thanks for this "partial conversion" to the old faith of England.

The church papers also contend that in thanking God "for the divine favor which surrounded the Queen with a special grace from the beginning of her reign," the Cardinal literally admits that his church is not the only true church, inasmuch as, according to his own faith, Queen Victoria is a heretic. Hence, they say, the admission that a heretic can be endowed with a special grace and be surrounded by divine favor is one of the most extraordinary that has ever come from a Catholic prelate.

It is understood that the address was directly inspired from the Vatican and represents the Holy Father's personal sentiments.

BURIED IN THE RIVER.

Workmen Removing Car Loads of Stone From Bodies of Drowned Companions.

Twenty men went to work early Thursday morning to recover the bodies of John Choun and Robert Hatfield, supposed to be at the bottom of the Missouri River under a car loaded with stone which was wrecked on the old trestle under the Bellefontaine bridge near Alton.

The trestle has been there for years and is used for hauling stone for revetment purposes at that point. The water had undermined the trestle and it fell. When a heavily loaded train of eight cars on the St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern was slowly moving the trestle gave way within a few feet of the west pier of the bridge.

There were eight men on the trestle. The leading crew—six of them jumped for their lives and escaped with broken ankles and arms and bruises. The mishap went over with the car on which they were sitting. The stone plunked their bodies deep in the mud at the bottom of the river.

The work of recovering the bodies is proving difficult on account of the rushing water and the great mass of rock under which the bodies of the ill-fated men lie, twenty-five feet below.

CUT WITH A HOE.

Serious Termination of a Difficulty Between Two Young Colored Boys.

Todd Johnson, 12 years old, of 310 South Third street fractured the skull of Wilson O'Neil, aged 12, of 312 Gratiot street Thursday morning with a hoe. Wilson may die.

The boys are colored. They were digging worms for bait in an alley back of Cedar street. Wilson accidentally upset Todd's bucket. They quarreled and Todd brought the hoe down on Wilson's head with all his might. It was sharp and cleft the bone.

DOCTORS' TRUST ORGANIZING.

IT PROPOSES TO FIGHT THE FREE DISPENSARIES AND CHEAP HOSPITALS.

It Will Take a Full Hand in Politics and Pay Attention to Candidates.

IT WILL HAVE NO MORE HOMOPATHIES IN THE STATE INSTITUTIONS.

"Missouri Medical League of St. Louis" Promises to Be a Great Power in Public Affairs.

The city will now have a Doctors' Trust. It has tried many other kinds of unions and combinations of power, but this latest organization is unique in its purposes, fertile in resources and big with dramatic possibilities.

The Missouri Medical League of St. Louis, which has applied for a charter, proposes not only to work great reforms in the medical profession, but also to take an active interest in State politics and "secure" candidates for office with a view of electing those who will advance the legislation demanded by the league.

In a political way the league will stand together as the trades unions, the A. P. or any other semi-political business organization.

It will take a hand in primary elections for delegates to conventions, especially with a view to the nomination of legislative candidates favorable to the reforms it wishes to engraft on the State statutes, and it will not overlook delegates to State conventions where a Governor is to be nominated and Justices of the Supreme Court, or an Attorney General who is to advise the Governor in conducting legislation.

The scope of work the league has mapped out for itself is wide and appeals with no little force in many particulars to the public.

The incorporators are men of character, who condemn quackery in all its forms, and who would elevate their profession.

They are: Dr. Robert M. Funkhouser, President; Dr. P. D. Connolly, Vice-President; Dr. H. Wheeler Bond, Secretary, and Dr. W. V. Loftus, Treasurer. The officers, with Drs. Wm. J. Langue, L. T. Reismeyer, R. H. Finley, William Nifong, L. E. Newman and F. G. Nifong, constitute the Board of Trustees.

These gentlemen are all "regulars." The line is drawn at homoeopaths, and Gov. Stephens is not likely to receive from them a complimentary nature from them on his reorganization of the management of the Fulton Insane Asylum.

The charter states that the object of the union is to advance the interests of its members "professionally, financially and politically; to influence doctors to become citizens; to vote at every election; also, to collect evidence of any hospital and dispensary abuse and to exclude well-to-do persons from medical charities, thereby securing proper care and attention for the worthy poor; to secure the adoption of laws commanding the appointment by the court of medical experts qualified for their work, and to insure the passage of laws regulating the practice of medicine in the State and United States and to secure the establishment of a national bureau of health."

One of the first political fights the league proposes to engage in is to force the passage of a law by the Legislature remedying the decision of the Supreme Court in the recent case whereby the State Board of Health is required to require graduates at medical colleges before they can practice medicine.

This will open up afresh the war on the cheap medical colleges.

President Funkhouser, in speaking of the league's purposes, said to a Post-Dispatch reporter: "The doctors are the only profession without compact organization to take part in public affairs. We do not propose to interfere with any of the various medical societies. In fact, they have in most instances signified a willingness to come into the league."

"This free private dispensary system has become an inquiry, especially in our colleges. It is free in one way, it is true, as everybody can go to the institution. And worth \$100,000 to them and there is a bait for them, because the patient will go away with prescriptions to be filled and the doctor will probably have to call at his home. Then, too, in all of these free dispensaries there is a big sign reading: 'Patients Desiring Immediate Treatment Can Procure It by Paying the Superintendent 25 Cents.'"

MISSOURI'S GREAT MISTAKE

OR, THE NEGLECTED LESSON OF FILLEY'S KNOWING LITTLE DOG.



EDITOR HOUSER: "Chauncey, Chauncey, we were in it for a brief but joyous while. When they gave us Major Barlow—but they conned us with a smile. We were feasting, all unwary, like a lot of gay galsots. And those Illinoisans got us, and they've shot us down the chutes!"

BOSS FILLEY: "Daniel, once I had a bow-wow, and he knew a thing or three. And from him I learned a lesson that has been of use to me. When I fed my hungry puppies, he would scamper off alone. And when and whine and whimper, when he'd safely hid his bone."

BOTH: "Oh, indeed, this is a season for resentment tears and fury! Six fat jobs for Illinois, and only one for old Missouri! 'Tis enough to jar the innards of a heathen god of stone. Next time WE'LL defer the feasting till we go and hide the bone." The P.-D. Post.

JOHN BULL YIELDS.

AGREES TO HOLD A CONFERENCE ON THE SEAL QUESTION.

SHERMAN'S BLUFF WORKED.

The People Resentful Toward the Americans, but the Government Is Conciliatory.

LONDON, July 15.—While among the general public here the tone of Secretary Sherman's letter to Ambassador Hay regarding the Bering Sea seal regulations is greatly resented, the correspondent of the Associated Press is in a position to say that whatever criticism the British Government may have to make on the phrasology of the communication, the latter has not in any way affected unfavorably the negotiations which Col. Hay has been conducting.

A conference will be held in Washington during the autumn, at which the United States, Great Britain, Russia and Japan will be represented.

Since the presentation of Secretary Sherman's note to Lord Salisbury, Ambassador Hay has had repeated conferences with his lordship, all of which have been of the most friendly character. The most conciliatory spirit is being manifested by the British foreign office, as is evident by the decision to hold a conference, which, although not yet formally announced, may be regarded as settled.

It may also be taken for granted that Canada does not oppose this decision. Mr. Davies, the Canadian Minister of Marine, in an interview with the correspondent of the Associated Press to-day, said:

"We regard the latest proposals of the United States as entirely reasonable. There is the friendliest feeling with regard to the negotiations between the two Governments; and, in view of this, the two peoples should not be resentful. I think this is a reasonable view of the matter."

The telegram from London indicates a distinct come-down by the British Government, which has persistently refused to reopen the question of seal extermination or take any step to aid the United States in the effort to stop it, though urgently and repeatedly asked to do so. It looks like a repetition of the Venezuelan incident.

CAUSED A STORM.

Kansas Women Are Up in Arms Against the Rock Pile Order—Fines All Paid.

KANSAS CITY, July 15.—The order of the Police Commissioners of Kansas City, Kan., that women prisoners must work on the stone pile along with the men has caused a great commotion and has not yet been put to effect. Perhaps it may never be. The Current Event Club, an organization of women, has expressed itself as immeasurably shocked, and has called an indignation meeting to protest against the "threatened disgrace and degradation of womanhood."

The members threaten that enforcement of the order means the retirement of the Police Commissioners from office at the first opportunity, and as women vote in Kansas municipal elections, the threat is not regarded as altogether an idle one, and may have its desired effect. Their principal objection to the rock pile plan is that part of the order compelling women to work without skirts and to wear overalls instead. The police officials stand by their order and say that the first women prisoners whose fines are not paid will go to the rock pile.

There has been no chance yet to put the order in effect, as friends of all women arrested have come forward and paid their fines.

NEW COUNTERFEIT.

Look Out for Ten-Dollar Silver Certificates of the Series of 1891.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.—Chief Haxon of the Secret Service has given notice of the discovery of a new counterfeit ten dollar silver certificate. It is of the series of 1891, check letter D, with the small carmine seal, the portrait of Hendricks and the names of Messrs. Tillman and Morgan as Register and Treasurer respectively. The counterfeit is described as apparently a wood cut production, very poorly executed, the seal being light pink instead of carmine, the numbering irregular and the printing and engraving bad.

THE WEATHER FORECAST.

PARTLY CLOUDY; STATIONARY.
For St. Louis and vicinity—Partly cloudy Thursday night and Friday; little change in temperature.
For Missouri—Generally cloudy, with possibly local showers Thursday night and Friday.
For Illinois—Generally cloudy, with possibly local rains Thursday night and Friday.

POST-DISPATCH THERMOMETER.

(On the sidewalk, in the shade.)	70
7 a. m.	70
8 a. m.	70
9 a. m.	70
10 a. m.	70
11 a. m.	70
12 m.	70
1 p. m.	70
2 p. m.	70
3 p. m.	70
4 p. m.	70
5 p. m.	70
6 p. m.	70
7 p. m.	70
8 p. m.	70
9 p. m.	70
10 p. m.	70
11 p. m.	70
12 m.	70

FED ON PROMISES.

Missouri Republicans Are Getting Few Offices and Col. Kerens Is Agitating.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.—Illinois has received thus far twelve consulates and any number of choice department places, while Missouri has received one consulate and one assistant secretaryship. This unequal distribution of the good places of R. C. Kerens, Republican National Committeeman for Missouri, has come back to Washington to rectify.

Missouri should have at least six consulates and two of the important missions, according to the Kerens idea, and this fact will be earnestly pressed to the President's attention. Missouri Republicans have been given many good promises, but no patronage yet. Unless the President changes his mind the Missourians will have to wait indefinitely. Yesterday an Ohio man captured the mission to Corea which ex-Congressman George Crowther of St. Joseph was after, and several places in England, which Missourians had filed applications for, have recently gone to others.

Joe Black of Richmond still has a chance for Manchester.

In the list of appointments to-day Missouri and two of the important missions, according to the Kerens idea, and this fact will be earnestly pressed to the President's attention. Missouri Republicans have been given many good promises, but no patronage yet. Unless the President changes his mind the Missourians will have to wait indefinitely. Yesterday an Ohio man captured the mission to Corea which ex-Congressman George Crowther of St. Joseph was after, and several places in England, which Missourians had filed applications for, have recently gone to others.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations:
Roland T. Rombauer, Montana; Edwin S. Hathaway, Montana; and Wm. V. Tompkins, Arkansas, to be commissioners to examine and classify lands within the land grant and indemnity land grant limits of the Northern Pacific Railroad Co., in the Missouri land district in Montana.
Joseph C. Auld, Montana; James A. Johnson, Montana; and Watson Boyle, District of Columbia, to be commissioners to examine and classify lands within the land grant and indemnity land grant limits of the Northern Pacific Railroad Co., in the Bosman land district in Montana.
Cyrus Leland, Jr., of Erando, Pierce, Wash., to be Agent for the Indians of the Colorado River Agency in Arizona.
Charles S. McNichols of Illinois, to be Agent for the Indians of the Colorado River Agency in Arizona.
Liggett at Lamar, Colo.; Alvah Eastman at St. Cloud, Minn.; Richard H. Jenness at O'Neil, Neb.; Wm. G. Ranft at Missoula, Mont.
Isaac E. Lambert, attorney for the United States for the district of Kansas.
Postmasters: Colorado—Mark F. Woodruff at Arapahoe; David R. Fish, Lawrenceville; Everett W. Osmond, Winnetka.
Missouri—Thaddeus L. Willis, Lamar; Frank E. Miller, Neosho.
Nebraska—A. J. Erando, Pierce; West-Cook, Blair.
Oklahoma—George G. Boggs, Shawnee.
Georgia—Watson K. Reno.
Texas—A. S. Davis, McGregor.
Washington—W. T. Cavanaugh, Olympia.

TORTURE A MAN FOR MONEY.

THREE MASKED MEN BURN A TOLL-GATE KEEPER'S BARE FEET.

They Also Bear His Legs Before the Money Is Discovered.

THE TOLL-GATE KEEPER'S WIFE PROVES HERSELF A FEARLESS HEROINE.

Bandits Made Good Their Escape—They Are Believed to Be Missourians From Hannibal.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
HANNIBAL, Mo., July 15.—About 11 o'clock last night three masked men went to the toll gate on the Hannibal & New London gravel road, at Salt River, and called out Jacob Cartater, the toll gate keeper.

As soon as Mr. Cartater came out of the house he was commanded to hold up his hands, the three men pointing huge guns in his face.

They then tied his hands behind his back and led him into the house, where they also tied Mrs. Cartater.

The robbers then demanded the money that was supposed to be in the house, belonging to the gravel road company.

Mrs. Cartater finally told them where a small amount of money belonging to her was secreted, and they soon got that.

Not being satisfied, they tortured Mr. Cartater by burning his bare feet and legs with torches until he finally told them where the company's money was.

They secured this, nearly \$100, and, after taking a rifle, shotgun, revolver, two gold watches and some jewelry, left the house.

About two hours afterward Mrs. Cartater succeeded in liberating herself and assisted in liberating her husband, who all this time was in great agony.

Messengers were sent to New London, notifying the officers there, and also to Hannibal.

The officers have been scouring the county to-day, but have not yet made any arrests. Mr. Cartater cannot identify any of the men. They were masked, but Mrs. Cartater thinks she could identify one of them. They are believed to be Hannibal citizens.

WHY? WHY?? WHY???

WHY are the NEWSDEALERS' supplies of the Sunday Post-Dispatch exhausted so early in the day?

Last Sunday I was compelled to send for more copies of the Sunday Post-Dispatch, as my supply was exhausted by 7 a. m. MISS M. BURMEISTER, N.W. Cor. 9th and Clinton sts.

At 8:30 a. m. my stock of the Sunday Post-Dispatch last Sunday was entirely out. More could have been sold.

P. A. WEBER, 4510 N. Twentieth street.

The people of South St. Louis are taking a great interest in the Sunday Post-Dispatch since the colored comic weekly has made its appearance. My boys are doubling their sales.

GEO. DIERBERGER, 2906 Lemay avenue.

The Sunday Post-Dispatch is a winner. My sales have nearly doubled in the last two weeks.

J. H. BRODHACK, 2230 South Broadway.

My newsboys sold but few other Sunday papers. Could not supply the demand for the Sunday Post-Dispatch. Every paper was taken out by 8 a. m. last Sunday.

J. H. SHAW, 1138 Washington avenue.

My sales of the Sunday Post-Dispatch have increased wonderfully.

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

WHERE SCOTCH THRIFT FAILS.

SCOTCH FINDS A MODEL MINER WHO CANNOT EARN A LIVING.

He Averages Seventy-Seven Cents a Day for a Family of Seven.

A QUARTER OF HIS INCOME PAYS TWENTY-TWO PER CENT ON DWELLING.

Flemington (W. Va.) Men Did Strike and Agitators Had Nothing to Do With It.

Special to the Post-Dispatch. WHEELING, CREEK, O., July 15.—This howl in the hills holds row after row of empty company shanties. Months ago every man who could moved out. A fourth part of the men left, and thereby bettered the had-enough condition of the rest of the 200 miners of all nationalities.

Each miner stretched his every sinew since then to load as much coal as possible each precious day, and each has made excellent wages for each of his fifty-eight days of work as against \$1.15 average a working day at crowded mines in Eastern Ohio.

The Wheeling Creek men have made \$2. The "entry men" at work that limit life to forty years, have averaged \$2.25, and the ordinary "room men" and foreigners generally have mined the great bulk of coal at \$1.75 a working day. All have worked at \$1.75 a working day, and under more favorable conditions than others, yet much suffering exists. There is little humor about the hunger, though. I saw the family, tasted the food and examined the pay envelopes of the best paid miner here. He is a serious, sober Scotchman, of whose industry the company officials speak highly. In "driving entry" he has averaged \$2.40 a day. During the last six months he has made \$1.60, or 70 a day. He has a wife and seven children. The extreme of economy seemed to have been reached in the use of everything but soap and water.

Continued from page one.

Even Scotch thrift, however, could not feed and clothe nine persons upon 77 cents a day, and the best paid miner in Wheeling Creek acknowledged that to-day he owes his grocer \$60. He has had neither sickness nor death in his family during the time mentioned. The two gauntest wretches hadn't attacked him, and he wasn't in debt six months ago.

All the wage had gone for food and a very little clothing. I asked him what his food and house bills amounted to. He said: "Wife, fetch the pig-bills."

Turning, with a sad smile, he handed me the envelopes, saying: "The house and food is this, and more, too."

In this district the company house rent

derfully in the last two weeks.

The sales are far ahead of any other Sunday paper.

CHAS. BEATY, 3422 Olive street.

My Post-Dispatch sales last Sunday were the largest since I have been in the branch office business.

W. J. NICOLA, 2015 North Broadway.

The Sunday Post-Dispatch meets with favor among the newsboys. I have three assistants supplying them to the boys on Sunday.

J. M. JOHNSTON, 3706 North Grand avenue.

The demand for the Post-Dispatch was so large last Sunday at five stands at Union Station that the supply was exhausted at an early hour. Sales were larger than on any previous Sunday.

BECAUSE

It is now the greatest Sunday paper in the West.

BECAUSE its unrivaled colored comic weekly cannot be duplicated by any other paper without bankrupting it.

BECAUSE it is the only paper in the West which has its own staff of foreign correspondents.

BECAUSE in addition to all the news of the Associated Press it prints 40,000 words of special telegraph news and is increasing this magnificent report.

BECAUSE it has the largest and best paid local staff in St. Louis.

BECAUSE it has the best corps of artists—the leaders in newspaper illustration.

BECAUSE compared in any particular it shines by comparison.

Put these claims to the test for yourself.

These are some of the reasons why it is the GREAT St. Louis Sunday paper. It will be made still greater.

is cruelly exorbitant. A house such as is occupied by the best paid miner of Wheeling Creek does not cost over \$250. Every two weeks pay day his envelope is docked of \$2.63 rent before it reaches him. This amounts to 22 per cent yearly interest to the company, whether the mine works regularly or not.

This miner under the past six months' conditions has paid in house rent alone back to the company over 24 per cent of his weekly wage. Twenty-four from the miner to give 22 to the company is surely a villainous percentage, as many of the men could have rented houses outside at easier terms.

The men here claim that intimidation has been used in an attempt to prevent them from going out.

"It does not seem to be a good plan to speak out in Wheeling Creek," said a reputable miner. "I'm in debt. I have young ones, and I have no work, nor will I have it when the strike is over."

Asked how that could be, he said: "Well, I'm afraid I spoke my mind the other day. He had advanced the idea of the strike. I said that if the striking Pennsylvania miners were not helped to win, they themselves would shortly have to work for 9 cents less than now."

This fact is perfectly evident. An official of the Pittsburgh and Wheeling Coal Co. first operator of this mine, frankly admitted it to me. But the superintendent had told just the reverse to the miners in urging them to continue at work.

The backing of the Pittsburgh strike means to his company the right to reduce mining expenses to cents a ton, and a chance to regain some of their lost contracts.

The conduct of the miners' union officials in Eastern Ohio has been exemplary. Secretary Lewis talked plainly to the Dillonvale men last week, and has given them nothing but sound advice. He said: "You men have United States marshals here. They are not needed, but they are the law. You may be killed at their presence, but I tell you the worst thing you can do is to show it. You lost one strike through violence. Take care you don't lose this one the same way."

The miners of this district will not interfere in the least with the moving of coal over the Ohio roads north from West Virginia, but should the operators attempt to run the mines with outside men serious trouble will come.

Lewis says: "About the time the operators get ready to bring in new men the striking miners' food will be running very short. They will be desperate, and there will be trouble."

It is not likely, however, that the owners of this district will attempt it. I am able to state that no request has been made by the Ohio operators that the agreement which should put a prohibitory tariff on the transportation of West Virginia coal.

It is all very well, and that the cessation of work at the Flemington mines in West Virginia is an established fact. This is the first considerable action in favor of the strike in the State, and agitators had nothing to do with it. The men had a local union and struck voluntarily.

SYLVESTER SCOVILL.

DE ARMITT'S SINCERITY.

Arbitrators' Chairman Assumes the Responsibility for It.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 15.—The arbitrators are in high place, and that they are now on the road to a settlement of the troubles in the Pittsburgh district, and consequently the settlement of the strike.

Gen. Little of Ohio, who is chairman of the joint board and acting chairman of the arbitration committee, said: "We might truly say we have made a start toward the settlement of the strike. The formality question, I had a long talk with Mr. De Armitt, for whose sincerity in the matter I have agreed to become personally responsible. He told me none of the Pittsburgh operators can secure signatures and he will do all he can to secure signatures and push the new uniformity agreement. I think he is thoroughly in earnest."

"I had a talk with Messrs. Dolan and Warner, and told them of my meeting with Mr. De Armitt. They were well pleased, and will also assist us in getting signatures to the uniformity agreement. Mr. De Armitt insisted that the Pennsylvania Coal Co. must sign, and the West Moreland Coal Co. must sign, and I am going to put a clause in the agreement providing that if only 50 per cent sign it will become operative just as if the full 97 per cent agreed to it. The agreement will be drawn in such a manner that it will hold the court. After the required number of signatures are obtained we will hold a joint meeting of operators and miners. At this meeting the operators will be given 10 minutes to make any changes they desire. The agreement will also provide for an assessment of one-tenth of a cent a ton on coal sold by operators who are in the compact. This will go into the fund to provide protection against those who still stay on the outside."

ARBITRATION EXPECTED.

Gen. Little Elated—Dolan Wires for Ratchford.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 15.—District President Dolan is so well pleased with the progress of the new uniformity movement that he has wired National President M. D. Ratchford to come to Pittsburgh at once.

Mr. Dolan, in discussing the situation at St. Clair, Hollow, said: "It is impossible to get within a quarter of a mile of the mines without being stopped by guards, who are supposed to be the same men that killed seven strikers in 1886."

"We have received word that nearly all the men at St. Clair Hollow have come out again. This is the third time they have been in the past ten days. About 600 men are employed by the company, and there are about fifty guards in charge of the mines. The guards go to the miners' houses about 2 o'clock in the morning, make them get up and go to work in the mine."

"Talk about Siberia! If the men do not get up the guards go into the houses and jab the miners with their bayonets. The guards beat and drive them from the place separating them from their families. This is no fairy tale. During the last strike we paid the expenses of one man who was in the hospital for three months. After breaking three of his ribs the deputies drove him away from his home. He crawled back on his hands and knees, being unable to walk, and almost died in an empty box car. At that time we sued the deputies who maltreated him. The guards are trying the same tactics they used then."

NO POLITICS IN IT.

Secretary Warner Says De Armitt Is an Ananias.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 15.—While giving his testimony to the arbitrators, W. P. De Armitt said he noticed that Thomas E. Young was here; that he was sent here by Mark Hanna, and his presence in Pittsburgh indicated there is something in the statement that the strike is a political conspiracy. This is an insult, not only to the arbitrators, but to the miners. I am not a political follower of Mark Hanna and have nothing to gain by defending him or his company. The story that politics is back of the strike is a silly lie. People who do not know Mr. De Armitt might believe his story.

We know he is fighting for their bread, and he is not a politician. Every other method of trying to get the operators to give men enough money to allow them to live having failed the strike was taken up last January. It was settled that the strike should take place in the spring. In view of this, it is preposterous to say there is no politics in it.

Mr. De Armitt is not sincere in his professions to pay the district price for all the uniformity. He is only complying with the arbitrators' will and this too sooner or later he led on before and one operator said:

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Co.

THIS WEEK FRIDAY AND SATURDAY. THIS WEEK.

Bought Expressly for This Sale, to Be Brought Forward at This Particular Time and Offered as EXCEPTIONAL VALUES, in Addition to EXTENSIVE MARK-DOWNS FOR JULY'S BIG SELLING AT QUICK-MOVING PRICES.

Cloak and Suit Rooms.

Ladies' Wash Skirts.

165 Ladies' Grass Linen Separate Dress Skirts, Cut Full; regular value \$1.50; Friday and Saturday.....98 Cents

CLOING OUT OUR WASH DRESSES.

Regular \$10.00 Ladies' Dresses Now.....\$3.50 Each
Regular \$12.50 Ladies' Dresses Now.....\$5.00 Each
Regular \$20.00 Ladies' Dresses Now.....\$9.95 Each
Regular \$27.50 Ladies' Dresses Now.....\$12.98 Each
Regular \$10.00 Ladies' White Pique Suits Now.....\$6.00 Each
Regular \$12.50 Ladies' White Pique Suits Now.....\$7.50 Each
All Our Paris Organdy and Dimity Dresses at Great Reductions for this sale.

LADIES' NECKWEAR.

EXTRA SPECIAL.

Embroidered Yokes, Collars, Colorful and White Blouse Fronts, Tiaras, Fichus, etc.; some slightly Soiled, others perfect; Marked Down Just One-Half.
FOR INSTANCE:
\$1.50 Neckwear.....75 Cents
\$2.00 Neckwear.....\$1.00
\$2.50 Neckwear.....\$1.25
\$3.00 Neckwear.....\$1.50

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Ladies' All Pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 1-1/2, 2 and 1-inch Hems; our regular 20c Goods; Friday and Saturday.....10c Each
Ladies' Embroidered, Hemstitched and Scalloped Handkerchiefs; 20c Value; Friday and Saturday.....10c Each

HOSIERY.

July Sale Specials that mean much to money-savers.

100 dozens Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, double soles, and toes; reduced from 35c to.....15c

100 dozens Children's Fast Black Cotton Hose, 1st rib double knees, heels and toes, sizes 8 to 10; reduced from 35c to.....19c

100 dozens Children's Dark Tan Hose, 1st rib double knees, heels and toes, all sizes; reduced from 40c to.....21c

500 dozens Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, 1st rib double knees, heels and toes; reduced from 35c to.....31c

500 dozens Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, 1st rib double knees, heels and toes; reduced from 35c to.....31c

500 dozens Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, 1st rib double knees, heels and toes; reduced from 35c to.....31c

500 dozens Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, 1st rib double knees, heels and toes; reduced from 35c to.....31c

500 dozens Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, 1st rib double knees, heels and toes; reduced from 35c to.....31c

500 dozens Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, 1st rib double knees, heels and toes; reduced from 35c to.....31c

500 dozens Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, 1st rib double knees, heels and toes; reduced from 35c to.....31c

500 dozens Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, 1st rib double knees, heels and toes; reduced from 35c to.....31c

500 dozens Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, 1st rib double knees, heels and toes; reduced from 35c to.....31c

500 dozens Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, 1st rib double knees, heels and toes; reduced from 35c to.....31c

WASH GOODS.

The Arguments that Convince—The Saving of Dollars and Cents.

100 pieces 29-inch Printed Lawn, sheer and fine, in light and dark effects, floral, geometrical and fancy figures, always sold at 10c and 8c; Friday and Saturday, 5 Cents THE YARD.

200 pieces 30-inch Fine Lawn, full line of navy blue ground, striped and figured; also light and medium effects; well worth 12 1/2c; Friday and Saturday, 7 1/2 Cents THE YARD.

125 pieces full 40-inch Irish Lawn, smooth, fine cloth, neat, small designs on white grounds; also tinted effects; manufactured to retail at 15c; Friday and Saturday, 7 1/2 Cents THE YARD.

55 pieces 40-inch Printed Battiste, a popular wash fabric for shirt waists, good styles, new, fresh goods, sold up to date at 15c; Friday and Saturday, 10 Cents THE YARD.

RIBBONS. RIBBONS.

500 pieces pure silk sash width Novelty Ribbons, Taffetas, Moires, Louisiennes, Persians, Checks, Plaids, Chameleons, Warp Prints, Fan Edge and Openwork Taffetas, \$1.00 value, Friday and Saturday, 25 Cents THE YARD.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

FOUR VALUE INDICATORS OF OUR MATCHLESS BARGAIN OFFERINGS.

100 dozens Men's Cotton Half Hose, fast black and tan, double heels and toes, reduced from 20c to.....10c PAIR.

100 dozens Men's Balbriggan Silk Trimmed Shirts and Drawers, extra good quality, reduced from 60c to.....43c EACH.

50 dozens Men's Extra Fine and Lightweight Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, reduced from \$1.25 to.....83c EACH.

75 dozens Men's Extra Lightweight French Wool Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, reduced from \$1.25 to.....89c EACH.

WHITE GOODS.

EXTRA GRAND VALUE THESE FOUR SPECIALS.

200 pieces of Fancy Plaid India Linens, extra fine quality, choice styles, such as you pay 12 1/2c for, Friday and Saturday, 6 1/2c THE YARD.

150 pieces of Fancy Striped Dimities, extra sheer, lovely quality, actual value 15c, Friday and Saturday, 7 1/2c THE YARD.

175 pieces of Lace Stripe India Linens, exquisite designs, superb quality, regular 20c goods, Friday and Saturday, 8 1/2c THE YARD.

75 pieces of Dimities, in hairline stripes and pin checks, grand quality, cheap at 18c, Friday and Saturday, 9c THE YARD.

SEE THE GOODS.

DURING JULY AND AUGUST STORE WILL CLOSE DAILY AT 5 P. M. AND SATURDAYS AT 1 P. M.

KNIT UNDERWEAR.

Such values as these never before known in special sale history.

50 dozens Ladies' White Cotton Vests, low neck, no sleeves, tape in neck; reduced from 15c to.....8 1/2c Each.

100 dozens Ladies' White Lisle Vests, low neck, no sleeves, silk ribbon in neck and sleeves, all sizes; reduced from 35c to.....19c Each.

50 dozens Ladies' Ribbed Cotton Vests, low neck, no sleeves, silk trimmed; reduced from 50c to.....25c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

35 dozens Boys' Lisle Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, knee length, sizes 10 to 12; reduced from 60c to.....39c Each.

Upholstery Dept.

JAPANESE PORCH SHADES.

5x8 Feet.....\$1.00 Each
6x8 Feet.....\$1.25 Each
7x8 Feet.....\$1.50 Each
8x8 Feet.....\$1.75 Each
10x8 Feet.....\$2.25 Each

MOSQUITO CANOPIES.

Canopies, made of Mosquito Bar, Full Size.....\$1.50 Each
Canopies, made of net, Full Size.....\$2.25 Each
Canopies, made of Bobinet, Full Size.....\$3.50 Each
Canopies, made of Best Quality Bobinet, Full Size.....\$5.00 Each
A complete line of "The Dixie" Canopies and Frames.

LACE CURTAINS.

1 Lot Irish Point Curtains, Reduced from \$2.50 to.....\$1.95 the Pair
1 Lot Irish Point Curtains, both white and ecru, Reduced from \$1.50 to.....\$3.45 the Pair
1 Lot Irish Point Curtains, Reduced from \$5.50 to.....\$4.15 the Pair
1 Lot Irish Point Curtains, Reduced from \$6.00 to.....\$5.00 the Pair
1 Lot Irish Point Curtains, Reduced from \$12.50 to.....\$6.50 the Pair
All 1-Pair Laces Curtains Reduced to One-Half Former Prices.

Art Department.

Third Floor.

1 Lot Photographs on Japan Paper, framed in white frames with gilt corners.....48c Each

1 Lot Venetian Vases, White and Gold Decoration.....25c Each

Cut Glass Syrup Pitchers, new designs.....68c Each

1 Lot Waste Paper Baskets.....25c Each

New Designs in Photo Frames, mounted with Glass and Standard, circular in shape.....68c Each

Special Inducements AT THE TRUEFIT

THIS WEEK.

Drab Diagonal Coats and Vests.....\$2.00
Black American Twill Coats and Vests.....\$2.25
Black and White Silk-Stripe Coats and Vests.....\$2.50
Blue or Black English Serge Coats and Vests.....\$3.00
Blue English Serge D. B. Coats and Vests.....\$3.50
Blue English Serge Coats, D. B. and Vests.....\$4.00
Imported Blue, Black, Tan, Drab and Fancy Coats and Vests.....\$4.50
India Silk (Seersucker) Coats and Vests.....\$5.00
Furless Silk (Seersucker) Coats and Vests.....\$5.50
Russian Crash.....\$6.00
All-Wool Hosiery Crash Suits.....\$6.50
Duck or Linen Pants.....\$7.00
All \$15, \$18, \$20 and \$25 Suits, in All-Wool, Cashmere, Worsted and Scotch (all sizes), for.....\$10.00

TRUEFIT CLOTHING CO.

621 OLIVE ST.

Maul, a blacksmith at 4038 South Broadway. The police by this time had struck the trail of the trio were created by Patrolman J. F. Nicolay.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

PUBLISHED BY
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER.

Office 518 Olive Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

BY CARRIER, ST. LOUIS AND SUBURBS
Daily and Sunday—Per Week..... 10 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Month..... 45 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Quarter..... 1.30 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Six Months..... 7.50 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Year..... 14.00 Cents
BY MAIL—IN ADVANCE.
Daily and Sunday—Per Week..... 10 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Month..... 45 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Quarter..... 1.30 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Six Months..... 7.50 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Year..... 14.00 Cents
Weekly—One Year..... 50 Cents

Daily and Sunday by carrier, in towns outside of St. Louis, 10 cents a week, 40 cents a month, 1.20 a quarter, 7.00 a half year, 13.00 a year. Remit by money order, draft or registered letter. Don't send checks for local bank. The price of the Post-Dispatch on all railroad trains and in all railroad stations outside of St. Louis will be 5 CENTS per copy daily and 5 CENTS Sunday. Anyone who is charged a higher rate than this will please report same to us, giving name of road, or station and number of train. Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will address a favor by reporting the same to this office. Address all communications to—
POST-DISPATCH, St. Louis.

Entered at the Postoffice at St. Louis as second-class matter.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.
Business Office..... 4094
Editorial Rooms..... 4094
The St. C. Beckwith Special Agency,
Agent Foreign Advertising,
48 Tribune Building, New York,
and 489 The Broadway, Chicago.

Off for the Summer?

If you will want the home news and will have the Post-Dispatch follow you. Write to your carrier. The address may be changed as often as you like. No extra charge for postage, except to foreign countries.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

THEATRE MAJESTIC—“Marratana.”
SUBURBAN GARDEN—Vanderbilt.
FOREST PARK HIGHLANDS—Vanderbilt.

THE TRUST FIGHT.

Speaker Reed's protest against the adoption of the Senate sugar schedule by the conferees of the Senate and House brings the scandalous manipulation of tariff legislation for the benefit of the Sugar Trust to a focus. The fight against trust greed and corruption has reached a decisive crisis.

The mere statement of the facts constitutes an unanswerable argument against the Senate schedule and an overwhelming condemnation of the Senators who are playing the role of Trust henchmen.

There are millions of profit for the Trust under the present law. There would be more millions for the Trust under the differential proposed by the House. But the Senate proposes that Congress shall serve as the zealous agent of Trust greed, by putting still more millions into its coffers through an increase of the House differential.

But another source of profit is opened to the insatiable greed of the sugar monopolists. By anticipating importations of raw sugar under the present law to be refined and sold under the new schedule, the Trust has in prospect, should the Senate schedule be adopted, a profit estimated to be from \$12,000,000 to \$15,000,000. The total profit in the whole legislative deal is placed at \$25,000,000. All of this vast sum will be taken from the pockets of the people on one food necessary.

It is fortunate that the leadership of the fight against the excessive grab of the Senate bill has been taken up by the Republican Speaker of the House. It emphasizes the fact that the anti-Trust fight is not a party, but a popular, fight. The henchmen of the Trust are not confined to one party. Among its supporters are found Democrats, Republicans and Republicans of the Trust find the elements for a combination of greed and grab in all parties.

But the Republicans must bear the brunt of the blame if the Sugar Trust succeeds in its present game of grab. They are the dominant party. They have the power to grant or refuse its demands. Its triumph over the people would be justly charged to them.

Our esteemed contemporary, the St. Joseph Daily Gazette, reprinted in its editorial columns an editorial paragraph concerning ex-President Harrison's \$50,000 fee which originally appeared in the Post-Dispatch. We do not object to the reprinting of Post-Dispatch paragraphs. It is a pleasant form of praise which brightens the columns of our admiring contemporaries. But the praise would be pleasant if credit were given.

ODIOUS COMPARISON.

In the July Lotus Walter Blackburn Harte of Kansas City discusses the delights of the American young lady's lips. He says:

A young lady's lips here, if you have the happiness to taste them, are like a cocktail; they fire your blood with the favor of all the wines of all countries. In her veins she has the blood and vines of North and South, and the gods know what, but they all give her a peculiar and potent charm of her own which the women of other races—especially the English—lack and envy, with dull disdain and insinuation.

Mr. Harte seems to be a connoisseur in young ladies' lips. But in this expressing himself he shows a woful lack of foresight. His patriotism runs away with his prudence.

How does the lady-lip-tasting editor of the Lotus know just what the next turn of time's whirled will throw him among a lot of lips of other races—“especially the English?”

Imagine Mr. Harte's condition if, just in the blossom of delicious anticipation, when he is approaching a pair of rich, ripe, ruby English lips with his professional taster, this brutal insinuation should come forth to haunt and hamper him. Suppose he should find the edge of “dull disdain” sharpened enough to cut him.

Mr. Harte should mingle common sense with his eloquence. It is all right to praise the nearest pair of lips, but to discern insinuation between lips, to compare with other lips, to make base insinuations about other lips, is folly.

“I am not a philanthropist in business, only I believe in helping fair,” said Miltonaire Employer Lipton of London to

a Post-Dispatch representative. And Mr. Lipton has never seen his employer strike. “Only fair” would quite settle our mining troubles, as well as some others.

The extraordinary pictorial accompaniment of the Sunday Post-Dispatch, which surpasses anything in newspaper art that has ever appeared in the West, is not to be forgotten in a week. Thus everybody wants to see the next one.

A GOOD ROADS LESSON.

Lieut. Webster's description of the foot-soreness of his militia bicycle corps was entertaining to everybody but the bicycle corps. So was the Post-Dispatch's series of illustrations of the corps' forced run, or rather walk, from St. Louis to Fulton.

But the experience of the St. Louis soldier boys on the roads of Missouri has a serious side which concerns all citizens, and particularly the farmers. The difficulties experienced by the soldier boys on one trip are felt all the year round by farmers and others who constantly use the roads. The damage inflicted on the bicycles of the corps by the rough roads, the wagons, and the foot-soreness and weariness of the boys are lost every year by the people of Missouri on account of bad roads. The investment in the right kind of roads of one year's losses through failure to get to the markets and through the injury of vehicles, harness and stock, would make a splendid beginning of good roads.

Unwittingly and unwillingly the soldier boys gave the people of the State a good lesson on the value of good roads in either war or peace.

Secretary Sherman has informed the British that we can skin our own seals. The inference is that we can also skin the British if they don't like it.

Mark Hanna denies that he is to sleep in the White House. Mr. McKinley may deny that he sleeps there himself. Up-easy lie the heads that wear the crowns.

IF.

If the State book contract is made in such a way as to cheat the people out of about \$50,000 for the benefit of trusts there will be trouble. This is a hint to the Book Commission.

If saving the people's money on school books happens to smash a trust there will be double cause of rejoicing.

The Deadwood hillside were crowded yesterday by people who wanted to see a hanging. The desire to see a killing is often not far removed from a desire to kill. Doubtless the gallows has made murderers as well as punished them.

Should Diabolus ever start an aquarium he will put in Pierpont Morgan for his octopus.

THE CORNWALL CASE.

The new evidence in the Cornwall case, fully and exclusively reported in Wednesday's Post-Dispatch, is exceedingly significant and throws a new light upon that remarkable killing of Herbert Cornwall by his brother.

A witness has been found who is ready to go into court and swear that he witnessed the killing and that it was unprovoked and not in self-defense.

The police, it was stated in the Post-Dispatch report, are seeking to develop premeditation and conspiracy. If the Finney story is true the police theory may be the right one.

The action of the Prosecuting Attorney in issuing a warrant for the arrest of the fratricide, Richmond Cornwall, and in holding him for trial is abundantly justified in this evidence, brought out by the Sheriff's office. It promises to be more fully justified by evidence secured by the police investigations. And in equal measure does such evidence condemn the bungling methods of the Cornwall case.

With these fresh developments brought out under the stimulus of enterprising newspaper work the case is assuming a most grave aspect. It remains for the courts to sift the evidence and find a conclusion, but justice will be subserved by the proceedings which assure a thorough investigation and trial of the case.

Sugar stock has taken another boom on “inside information” from Washington. Broker Chapman, who has recently been on the inside at Washington, is doubtless a member, and Senators know on the inside, who ought to be on the outside, are not losers.

The City Delegates have determined to take a summer recess. With the municipal legislature locked up and some of the courts always open, perhaps the St. Louis taxpayer can take hope.

First blood has been drawn in the Santa Fe pay-roll case. A section foreman has been arrested and \$28.87 saved. If the investigation is for money as well as blood it will go higher up.

The dethroned Hawaiian Queen has taken to literature and history. Her obedient pages may bring her enough to place her beyond the need of an American pension.

The pictures of beautiful girls swimming out from Hawaiian shores to meet incoming ships is an unworthy device to draw a desire for annexation into a roaring flame.

Senator Cullom has put on one of the Chicago bullet proof suits and given Japan warning. We are now sanguine of continued peace.

Making old mules young for the Government market is a hint to persons in the matrimonial market, if they can find the recipe.

Peaceful old Uncle John Bull has been so busy with arbitration that he has not noticed anything wrong with the fur seal interest.

Professional pallbearers will be an innovation in St. Louis. It is only one step more to the professional mourner.

With Iowa and Ohio pulling at Mr. Hanna's leg at the same time, the boss might be hopelessly crippled.

The stuffed club of Judge Klein is the people's weapon against the stuffed pay-rolls of the City Hall.

Gomez appears to be about to smoke his Havana.

A Laugh or Two With the Festive Crew.

TOO MILD TO NOTICE.

From the Indianapolis Journal.
Walker: You remember the story of the bull that tried to butt the engine off the track?
Wheeler: Oh, go away with your bull stories. What interest are they to a man who has tried to run over a trolley car?

THESE GOOD OLD DAYS.

From the Chicago Record.
“Grandfather, I remember, used to put on a clean white duck suit every day.”
“Yes, and your grandmother, I remember, used to have to wash and iron it.”

MENTAL TRAIN.

From the Chicago Record.
“How much insanity develops in hot weather?”
“Yes; people lose their minds when their ice bills come in.”

LOGICAL.

“Why don't you ride a wheel, Mr. Grasper?”
“Can't afford it—economy is the road to wealth, you know.”
“Yes, but don't you think you could get over the road faster with a wheel?”

A DESCRIPTION.

From the Indianapolis Journal.
“Oh! Maud!” said the other girl. “Maud is the sort of girl that every fellow who courts her has his arms full, and the man who marries her will have his hands full.”

OVER THE MENU.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
“Oh, George, our dinner decorations are only white and red.”
“Well, when we get the bill everything will be blue.”

A CHANCE YET.

From the Indianapolis Journal.
“Love,” said the more or less aged one, “is immortal.”
“Oh!” said the offensively young one, “you haven't given up yet, then?”

LOVE'S GREETING.

From the Chicago Record.
Across the world I speak to thee,
Yet do not fear I shall be true.
The rates hold order down, my own,
On this long-distance telephone.

CRASHED IN A HEAP.

Then the City Milk Inspector's Little Romance Began.
Dr. Howard Culler, the City Milk Inspector, figured in a romantic accident a few days ago.

He is an enthusiastic wheelman. He was riding on McPherson avenue. Ahead of him, going in the same direction, were two ladies, one on a diamond frame and the other on a drop frame wheel.

They were all scorching. Maybe the ladies knew the handsome doctor was behind them and maybe they did not. At any rate, they did not know he was so close.

He suddenly changed her course diagonally across the street. The doctor was too near to change but he shouted a warning, but it was too late.

There was a crash. The diamond frame wheel and its fair rider toppled over against the other. The three riders fell in a heap, with their heads close together and the wheels on top of them.

The first lady was rendered partially unconscious. Her teeth were knocked out and she was terribly shaken up. Her wheel was nearly broken to pieces.

The doctor, for his politeness, his apologies were profuse. He insisted upon calling a carriage and sending the ladies home.

Then he proffered his professional services. “Where the romance comes in, Dr. Carter is a bachelor. Heretofore he has had no thought for anything save lactical adulterations, butter fats and such things.”

But they say the professional calls on the young lady who lives on a fashionable street in the West End, have been very busy, and he has about his whole time analyzing samples of milk with unaccustomed attentiveness.

His office was locked Thursday. He was probably making a professional call on the injured young lady, but to no one will he divulge the fair patient's name.

MRS. BAYLISS TALKS.

She Declares Her Husband Has Been Misrepresented.
Mrs. Lou Bayliss, the pretty little woman who assaulted Mrs. Cora Blanke, alleging that the latter was too friendly with Mr. Bayliss, is aggrieved on account of what she terms erroneous publications relative to her difficulty.

“First of all,” said Mrs. Bayliss, “I want it understood that I have not been correctly quoted with regard to the charges against my husband. I never said all that the papers quote me as saying about him. He has been wronged by that woman—I said and never reiterated. But I did not say that he spent his nights there—he always went for protection—I'm not afraid of that woman. I did not say that my husband went to see Mrs. Blanke at Benton—he did not know her when she lived there. I did not say that my husband made presents to Mrs. Blanke.”

Continuing, Mrs. Bayliss said the story that her sister committed suicide a few years ago was false. “She died from natural causes,” Mrs. Bayliss explained. In conclusion she says she remains loyal to her husband and doesn't want him misrepresented.

CRAZED BY SORROW.

Mrs. Elizabeth Leonard's Mind Gives Way Through Long Grieving.
Mrs. Elizabeth Leonard of 1708 O'Fallon street is in the observation ward at the City Hospital. Her mind is giving way under a nervous shock received eleven years ago. She was then 20. Three months after her husband, Mr. Leonard, employed in a soap factory, he fell into a vat and was scalded to death.

This young woman felt senseless at his side and it required the combined efforts of three physicians to restore her to consciousness. Then followed a long period, from which she emerged a changed being. The last year Mrs. Leonard has been much depressed in spirits and was an almost constant victim of melancholia.

Everything Mrs. Churchill, her mother, could do with her limited means was done to cheer her. Her reason, but she grew worse and during the last few weeks de-

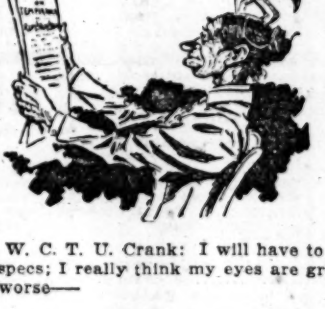
A HYPODERMIC REVENGE.



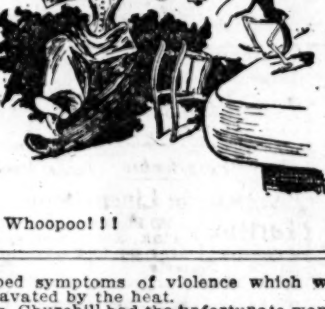
1. Miss Sketo: George, dear, you have blood in your eye. Where are you going?
Mr. Sketo: That w. c. t. u. crank made a swipe at me the other night and took a piece off one of my legs and strained my back. Now, I am going to get even with her.



2. Tanking up with “Virus.”
Mamma: How dare you stick a pin in the professor's chair! It's annoying in the extreme.
The Professor: Yes, exactly—it is in the extreme where it's felt deeply.



3. W. C. T. U. Crank: I will have to get my specs; I really think my eyes are growing worse—



4. Whoopee!!

veloped symptoms of violence which were taken to the City Hospital.

CENTENARIAN SOLDIER.

Old Anthony Edwards Becomes a Member of the G. A. R.
Col. Shaw Post, G. A. R., has admitted to membership the venerable Anthony Edwards, who claims to be over 100 years old.

Edwards says he was brought to Missouri from Virginia more than a century ago by Nimrod Edwards, who settled in what is now known as Pike county.

He entered the Union army in December, 1861, to serve three years, and was honorably discharged in August, 1864. He was private in Co. C, Sixty-fourth Regiment, colored troops.

Normal is a practical prohibition town. There is not a saloon in the corporate limits and the temperance cause there is founded was Jesse Fell, a churchman of the old school, whose morals were strictly puritanical.

The Union League Club met in its handsome new home Wednesday night and elected its officers for the year.

President Delano named the Board of Directors as follows: H. C. Grenner, John H. Pohlman, Joseph B. Amba, William H. Clark, R. P. McClure and Saml Wheeler the Auditors.

H. C. Grenner and W. V. Wolcott formed the Finance Committee and Henry Mundt, R. P. McClure and Saml Wheeler the Auditing Committee.

Twenty-eight new members were enrolled. Another meeting will be held next Wednesday night.

MRS. THOMPSON'S FORTUNE.

Wife of a St. Louis Doctor Heir to a German Estate.
Mrs. Adeline Gerhard Thompson, wife of Dr. George H. Thompson of this city, has fallen heir to a \$500,000 share in a large estate in Leipzig, Germany.

The property was left by her uncle, Dr. Adolph Gerhard, a prominent lawyer, who died six weeks ago. The estate was founded by Dr. Gerhard, father of Mrs. Thompson, who furnished supplies to Napoleon's army and became immensely wealthy.

There are six heirs to the estate—Mrs. Thompson, William Paul Gerhard of Brooklyn, N. Y., formerly of St. Louis; Mrs. Max Fescheke, Mrs. Edmund Wilke, Miss Annleide Gerhard and Dr. Alfred Gerhard of Leipzig.

Dr. Thompson said he knew little about the estate and nothing about a will. Mrs. Thompson is visiting in St. Paul.

CAUSED BY A SCORCHER.

Bicyclist Ran Against a Horse and a Woman Was Killed.
CHICAGO, July 15.—A scorching fire responsible for the death of Mrs. M. A. Morton, who was instantly killed in a runaway accident. The scorching, who drove back and lowered head, while bowling along at a rapid rate, collided with the horse driven by Mrs. Morton.

The frightened animal jumped the fence and dashed down the street, colliding with a lamp-post and throwing the unfortunate woman from the vehicle. She was instantly killed.

There was an invalid for years. The scorching was thrown from his wheel, but remained on the ground before he could be apprehended. The horse was badly injured and died in a few moments.

ANDREE TAKES NO CHANCE.

Will Start for the North Pole After Friday.
STOCKHOLM, July 15.—In a private letter just received here from Mr. Andree, the aeronaut and explorer, July 10, the writer says he will take the first opportunity to make his balloon start northward after the 15th, even though the weather should be less favorable than it might desire.

WHEN SIGNS GO WRONG.

From the Chicago Record.
A fortune teller told me to marry a man who would be a steady gaze.
“Well?”
“So I married John; but I've found out since that his gaze is the only steady thing about him.”

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
“How disagreeable are the eccentricities of genius?”
“Are they any more disagreeable than the eccentricities of people who haven't any genius?”

From the Indianapolis Journal.
Rev. Mr. Wilgus: I am informed, Brother Potts, that you are in the habit of fishing on the Sabbath.

Potts: I do, a little, but I always wait until Monday to begin lying about the fish.

HE FELT IT DEEPLY.
Mamma: How dare you stick a pin in the professor's chair! It's annoying in the extreme.
The Professor: Yes, exactly—it is in the extreme where it's felt deeply.

WHAT ARE WE COMING TO?
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
Is that immense assembly of women?
“That? Oh—that's the Federation of the Federation of the Federations.”

SHE HAD A REASON.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
Mrs. Hojack: I don't think a woman ought to refer to her husband as her better half the way you do.
Mrs. Tomdick: I call my husband my better half because he nearly always has a wagger of some sort on hand.

REAL WORK.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
Governor: Jimmy, you look red-hot; you haven't been cycling this hot day, have you?
“No, I've been following out some newspaper directions for keeping cool.”

EXHORTATION.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
Oh—be merry—yes, be merry;
Sing your joys in prose or verse;
For no matter what your worries,
Ten to one they might be worse.

NORMAL'S NEW DEPARTURE.
Proposal to Abandon the Prohibition Charter.
Special to the Post-Dispatch.
NORMAL, Ill., July 15.—It is now believed that the proposition for a new charter for this city will carry by a large majority at the special election Aug. 10.

The place of its three or four towns in the providing that cities, villages and incorporated towns now under a special charter, having a special prohibitory clause therein, retain such prohibitory clause, etc. The act applied to but three or four towns in Illinois, of which this was one. The law was made by the legislature in 1891, and a young lawyer of this place, who acted as one of the reading clerks in the House last winter, it was rumored by the representative from McLean county, and met no opposition in its passage.

Normal is a practical prohibition town. There is not a saloon in the corporate limits and the temperance cause there is founded was Jesse Fell, a churchman of the old school, whose morals were strictly puritanical.

The Union League Club met in its handsome new home Wednesday night and elected its officers for the year.

President Delano named the Board of Directors as follows: H. C. Grenner, John H. Pohlman, Joseph B. Amba, William H. Clark, R. P. McClure and Saml Wheeler the Auditors.

H. C. Grenner and W. V. Wolcott formed the Finance Committee and Henry Mundt, R. P. McClure and Saml Wheeler the Auditing Committee.

Twenty-eight new members were enrolled. Another meeting will be held next Wednesday night.

Wife of a St. Louis Doctor Heir to a German Estate.
Mrs. Adeline Gerhard Thompson, wife of Dr. George H. Thompson of this city, has fallen heir to a \$500,000 share in a large estate in Leipzig, Germany.

The property was left by her uncle, Dr. Adolph Gerhard, a prominent lawyer, who died six weeks ago. The estate was founded by Dr. Gerhard, father of Mrs. Thompson, who furnished supplies to Napoleon's army and became immensely wealthy.

There are six heirs to the estate—Mrs. Thompson, William Paul Gerhard of Brooklyn, N. Y., formerly of St. Louis; Mrs. Max Fescheke, Mrs. Edmund Wilke, Miss Annleide Gerhard and Dr. Alfred Gerhard of Leipzig.

Dr. Thompson said he knew little about the estate and nothing about a will. Mrs. Thompson is visiting in St. Paul.

Normal is a practical prohibition town. There is not a saloon in the corporate limits and the temperance cause there is founded was Jesse Fell, a churchman of the old school, whose morals were strictly puritanical.

The Union League Club met in its handsome new home Wednesday night and elected its officers for the year.

President Delano named the Board of Directors as follows: H. C. Grenner, John H. Pohlman, Joseph B. Amba, William H. Clark, R. P. McClure and Saml Wheeler the Auditors.

H. C. Grenner and W. V. Wolcott formed the Finance Committee and Henry Mundt, R. P. McClure and Saml Wheeler the Auditing Committee.

Twenty-eight new members were enrolled. Another meeting will be held next Wednesday night.

Wife of a St. Louis Doctor Heir to a German Estate.
Mrs. Adeline Gerhard Thompson, wife of Dr. George H. Thompson of this city, has fallen heir to a \$500,000 share in a large estate in Leipzig, Germany.

The property was left by her uncle, Dr. Adolph Gerhard, a prominent lawyer, who died six weeks ago. The estate was founded by Dr. Gerhard, father of Mrs. Thompson, who furnished supplies to Napoleon's army and became immensely wealthy.

There are six heirs to the estate—Mrs. Thompson, William Paul Gerhard of Brooklyn, N. Y., formerly of St. Louis; Mrs. Max Fescheke, Mrs. Edmund Wilke, Miss Annleide Gerhard and Dr. Alfred Gerhard of Leipzig.

Dr. Thompson said he knew little about the estate and nothing about a will. Mrs. Thompson is visiting in St. Paul.

Normal is a practical prohibition town. There is not a saloon in the corporate limits and the temperance cause there is founded was Jesse Fell, a churchman of the old school, whose morals were strictly puritanical.

The Union League Club met in its handsome new home Wednesday night and elected its officers for the year.

President Delano named the Board of Directors as follows: H. C. Grenner, John H. Pohlman, Joseph B. Amba, William H. Clark, R. P. McClure and Saml Wheeler the Auditors.

H. C. Grenner and W. V. Wolcott formed the Finance Committee and Henry Mundt, R. P. McClure and Saml Wheeler the Auditing Committee.

Twenty-eight new members were enrolled. Another meeting will be held next Wednesday night.

Wife of a St. Louis Doctor Heir to a German Estate.
Mrs. Adeline Gerhard Thompson, wife of Dr. George H. Thompson of this city, has fallen heir to a \$500,000 share in a large estate in Leipzig, Germany.

The property was

BABCOCK ALL SMILES.

STILL DOING BUSINESS AT THE DOOR OF THE EXCHANGE.

PROSECUTION BRINGS FRIENDS.

HE WILL BE TRIED FOR DISTURBING THE PEACE.

Arrest of the Broker Regarded as a Grave Mistake by Prominent Traders.

Broker Austin E. Babcock and his attorney, Charles M. Napton, were in Judge Peabody's court Thursday morning to answer the charge of trespass for doing business in the corridors of the Merchants' Exchange building.

Nat Moffitt and Tom Aiken of the Irregular Trading Committee of the Exchange, Doorkeeper James Newell and Officer St. John were present to testify against him. Mr. Johnson, who hailed Babcock out after his arrest, was the only other member of the Exchange in court.

Ashley C. Clover, attorney for the Exchange, withdrew the charge of trespass and secured a summons against Mr. Babcock for a disturbance of the peace. Judge Peabody said he would hear the case Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

Ten minutes later Mr. Babcock was at the door of the Merchants' Exchange holding a levee. He was in his shirt sleeves. His chubby face and bald head were wrinkled with smiles.

The traders, as they passed in to the floor, stopped to congratulate "Bab" for guy him about his full experience. He received the expressions of good will from unexpected quarters. Men whom he had not even stepped up and shook his hand. "I don't know you, Mr. Babcock, but I don't approve of the way you're being treated. You're a like your pluck," was the way Capt. Pearson, one of the oldest members on "Change, greeted the round little broker. Others promised to make things pleasant for him if he went to the workhouse and there were inquiries as to how he liked bread and water for breakfast.

Babcock felt proud of the reception accorded him. "I'll fight this case to the bitter end," he said. "People know now why I'm being persecuted. Many who took no interest in my case before are now my partisans. I'll be right here doing business as long as the police allow, and I'll be on the curb this afternoon."

"I have placed my case in the hands of Mr. Napton and will abide by his judgment regarding my future actions. I can't say yet whether I will seek redress for damages for my unwarranted arrest. We will wait until the court rules on the case pending against me."

Opinion on "Change is divided over the Babcock incident. Members took no interest in the brokers' quarrel until Nat Moffitt and Tom Aiken of the Irregular Trading Committee had Mr. Babcock arrested twice for trading on the curb Wednesday afternoon.

All trading on the curb is illegal. Rule 13 of the board expressly forbids it, but Messrs. Moffitt and Aiken undertook to prevent Mr. Babcock, whom they will not recognize as a regular member of the board, from participating in trading not recognized by the board.

The dual arrest caused great excitement. The crowd was with Babcock, and when he was led away, a dozen traders followed him to the station to bail him out. His return was greeted with cheers and he had more business thrown at him than he could handle.

Thursday morning traders abandoned the pit and stood about in groups discussing the case. Babcock's sympathizers held that the case, Babcock's charge would not hold water, as there were others on the board guilty of the same offense. They didn't believe in making him of one and the other.

His adversaries claimed that the Exchange had a right to say whom it would allow to trade in its building. It could exclude peddlers. The fact that he rented a desk room, it was claimed, did not make him a tenant.

The legal prosecution of Babcock will hinge on this point. Prominent operators were outspoken in their opinion of the Irregular Trading Committee's action.

Sol P. Quinnivan was much incensed at the committee's action. "I think it is a shame the way the Board of Directors is persecuting Babcock," he said. "I think he has a good cause of action against the Exchange."

Nat Moffitt does as much irregular trading as any one about the building. There is not a day that he cannot be seen openly trading in "put" and "calls." I think it poor taste to put that man on a committee to suppress irregular trading. It shows insincerity on the face of it."

Redmond Cleary said: "I think the committee has acted unwisely. It looks as if they had gone out of their way to persecute Mr. Babcock. I think it a great mistake. We had better suspend him from trading by the members before attempting to regulate outsiders."

Ex-President Alexander H. Smith said: "The action of the committee was entirely unwarranted. They have given Mr. Babcock a good cause of action against the Exchange. Any person has the right to pass through the Exchange building as long as he behaves himself. If the members wish Mr. Babcock to stay away, they need only to quit trading with him. They will warrant that he will not bother them long. Such actions look childish."

Ex-Gov. Standard expressed himself as believing that the action of the committee was ill advised. John Warren said: "I will admit that Mr. Babcock made a mistake in the beginning by antagonizing the board, but the directors have made a bigger mistake in their persecution of Mr. Babcock. They have acted more like a lot of school boys than like cool-headed business men. Mr. Babcock can make them pay dearly for it."

John Mullally, P. P. Connor and numerous others expressed themselves in like manner. Messrs. Moffitt and Aiken say that there will be no let-up in the case until the Milling Company, from whom he rents a room, will be notified that his presence in the Exchange building is undesirable.

After Mr. Babcock is disposed of they propose to go after some of the bucket-shop men on the floor.

A friend of Mr. C. H. Spencer said Thursday that the letter of apology he sent Miss Raueh was not for the offense given out by the lady and her husband, Mr. Babcock. Spencer claimed that he had called on the young lady's father. A heavy snow storm came on while he was in the house. As she was helping him on with his overcoat he remarked that it would be a fine night to go sleigh riding.

Miss Raueh, he claimed, construed the remark into an invitation and when she told Mr. Babcock whom she was desirous to marry, he became greatly incensed.

POLICE MATRON BREEN.

Husband's Affidavit Shows She Is Dependent on Her Own Resources.

Police officials at headquarters are indignant over a report circulated by enemies of Matron Breen to the effect that the Matron pretended to be a widow, in order to gain sympathy, although she has a husband living in Carondelet. The officials are indignant, because the statement is absolutely untrue, and they believe it to have been maliciously circulated for no other purpose than to injure the Matron.

As a matter of fact Matron Breen told Chief Harrison that she had a husband at the time she applied to him for appointment to the position made vacant by the death of the late Mrs. Harris, and she showed substantiating her statement that she is entirely dependent upon her own resources for the support of herself and her children.

This affidavit, proving by his own sworn statement the lack of support, has remained on file at Police Headquarters ever since.

ST. LOUIS



Ladies' White Shirt Waists, made of fine corded and cross-barred Dimity, usual price \$1.50, for Friday

\$1.00.

NOTIONS. These leather goods

items at prices unheard of before.

100 dozen Pocketbooks, all styles and colors, worth 50c to \$1 each, for 25c each.
300 dozen Leather Belts, all colors and different styles, worth 25c and 30c each, for 10c each.
2 dozen Black Leather Chatelaine Bags, worth 50c to \$1.50, for 25c each.

WHITE and such white goods, at

GOODS simply nominal prices.

If this were the manufacturer's loss the looms would stop running. It's ours, and we shoulder it philosophically—yours the gain.

3000 yards nice Sheer Stripe Dimity, only 5c.
Linen finish White Duck Skirting, reduced to 5c.

Sheer and fine imported India Linen at less than cost price, 30c.
4000 yards of English Cord Pique, the large stylish cord and regular 30c and 50c value, for 25c.

SHOES. Thursday, Friday and

Saturday specials.

Ladies' Dongola Kid Oxford, patent leather tips, hand-sewed soles; regular price, \$4.00, Friday and Saturday, \$1.48. Sizes 2 1/2 to 3 1/2.

WASH FABRICS. To quickly close

the balance of our

summer washable cottons we

make a price of 5c the yard on

400 pieces India Crinkle Seersucker; goods worth 12 1/2c; no ironing necessary.

6 1/2c a yard on 1000 pieces very choice Linen Stripe Dimity; sold in spring at 15c a yard.

12 1/2c a yard on all our 3c French Organdy. This lot includes some of the choicest goods that we have ever had.

We have just received the final imports of the ultra-fashionable Dress-Skirt Fabric-Crispene. This gives us the most desirable assortment of the season.



AT 68c—Gowns made of good muslin; M. H. yoke of Hamburg insertion and tucks, V-shape neck, finished with edge of embroidery, for Friday, 68c.

AT 75c—Gowns, empire style, trimmed with fine insertion and ruffle of Hamburg embroidery; usual price, \$1.18, for Friday, 75c.

AT \$1.00—Gowns, empire style, made of fine cambric, trimmed with fine Hamburg embroidery and insertion, finished with new shape collar, regular \$1.50 gown, price for Friday, \$1.00.

AT 68c—Skirt, made of good muslin, umbrella shape, finished with deep cambric, tucked, ruffle.

AT \$1.35—Skirt, made of fine cambric, umbrella shape, deep ruffle, trimmed with two rows of insertion and edge of Cluny lace, regular \$1.75 Skirt, price for Friday, \$1.35.

AT 43c—Ladies' Drawers, umbrella shape, finished with ruffle of fine embroidery, usual price 75c, Friday 43c.

A Midweek Flyer in Handkerchiefs.

About this time one's supply begins to diminish, some go to the laundry and never return, others have a trick of disappearing mysteriously. These that we offer for midweek will fill their places at trifling cost. 350 dozen Ladies' Hand Embroidered "Pure Linen" Handkerchiefs, the kind you've always paid 20c for, our price now

10 Cents Each.

Friday, July 16, in Our basement, We Will Commence the Greatest Bargain Sale of

China and Glass Ever Held in the West.

786 cases of French and German China bought from Bawo & Dotter, one of the oldest and largest manufacturing and importing firms in New York City. These goods are the entire line of Import Samples, consisting of CHOICE ODD LOTS, closed out to US at such a price for cash that we will offer the lot at

About 10 Cents on the Dollar!

Cups and Saucers, Plates, Pitchers, Salad Dishes, Oatmeal Sets, Fruit Sets, Covered Dishes, Odd Dinner and Tea Sets—in fact, everything made in French and German China is included, all to be sold at one-tenth their value, beginning to-morrow. This purchase will be arranged on bargain tables in center of China Department.

For 5c

Odd lots of China, worth 10c, 25c and 35c.

For 10c

Odd lots of China, worth 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

For 25c

Odd lots of China, worth 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

For 50c

Odd lots of China, worth \$2.00, \$2.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00.

For 75c

Odd lots of China, worth \$2.50, \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00.

For \$1.00

Odd lots of China, worth \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$10.00.

For \$1.50

Fancy pieces of China, worth \$10.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00.

DINNER, TEA AND TOILET SETS. Thousands to be sold for less than One-Quarter regular price.

BUY THE AIR SHIPS IN BARR'S BASEMENT. PRICE, \$1.00.

WATERWORKS' PERIL.

SWEENEY'S FILTER BILL HELD

TO BE ILLEGAL.

COMPTROLLER NOT COUNTED.

BOARD OF PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS LEFT OUT.

Water Commissioner Holman Points

Out What He Considers Fatal Defects in the Measure

The Sweeney filter bill, introduced in the House of Delegates last week, will, if passed, render the city liable to loss its waterworks.

The bill in its present shape is claimed to be illegal.

Sec. 27 of art. 6 of the Charter specifies how bills providing for public improvements must be introduced. It reads:

"The Assembly shall have no power, directly, to contract for any public work or improvement . . . nor to fix the price or rate therefor, but the Board of Public Improvements shall . . . prepare and submit to the Assembly estimates of costs of any proposed work, and under the direction of the ordinance shall advertise for bids, as provided for purchases by the Commissioner of Supplies, and let out said work by contract to the lowest responsible bidder, subject to the approval of the Council. Any other mode of letting out work shall be held as illegal and void."

Mr. Holman says: "The Comptroller is the fiscal officer of the city. Before any contract can be let he must certify that there is money in the city treasury to pay for it. This certification is based on the estimate of the Board of Public Improvements."

"Under the ordinance the Comptroller and the board are both left out entirely. It requires the Mayor, Health Commissioner and Water Commissioner to enter into a contract within ten days after the passage of the ordinance, for filtering the water from Sept. 1, 1898, to Sept. 1, 1901, by the Jewell filter and electric process. It is not to be let to the lowest bidder. It is not specified that the money is to come out of the water revenue."

The compensation is to be about \$12.50 per

day for each million of gallons pumped into the city mains. The average is 60,000 gallons a day. The contract would run 30 years. Presuming the consumption to remain at 60,000 gallons a day for that period the contract would involve \$2,250,000. It is probable the consumption will be 100,000,000 gallons a day inside of 10 years. The city would scarcely get off at less than \$10,000,000.

"If the city should be unable to make the payments," Mr. Holman says, "at least a lien in equity would be acquired on the waterworks."

To get around the charter the attorneys of the syndicate formed to get the ordinance passed will contend it is legal because they propose to perform a public service and not create a public improvement."

Bill Changed Was Not Good.

Mrs. Frank Wachowsky, 4024 South Broadway, changed a \$20 bill Wednesday night and Thursday she wanted Frank Adams and George Wilson arrested. The paper proves to be one of the old Missouri defense bond. She was referred by the police to the Federal authorities.

Boy Has a Bad Fall.

Charles Haynes, 11 years old, of 1530 Salisbury street, fell from a tree last night and fractured several ribs. He could not move with his weight. He may not recover.

Visitors in the City.

Capt. J. S. Elliott of Knoxville, banker and capitalist, is a St. Louis visitor.

Thomas Allen, the celebrated artist of Boston, is at the Southern, the guest of his brother, W. Russell Allen.

George H. Crosby of Omaha, General Passenger and Ticket Agent for the Burlington lines in Nebraska, is a St. Louis visitor.

W. A. Evely and wife of Hannibal occupy the bridal parlor at the St. James. Mr. Evely and his bride arrived in St. Louis Thursday morning.

At the St. James—W. A. Evely and wife, Hannibal; H. H. Macos, Louisville; A. K. Stern, Kansas; William D. Motter, Boston; William M. Minneapolis; C. W. Stock, Kansas City; W. H. Kemper, Atlanta.

At the Lindell—W. B. Carter, Cincinnati; F. W. Hull, Philadelphia; Louis J. Prime, Belleville, Ill.; George B. Ladd, Little Rock.

At the Leclaire—H. F. Kindall, Chicago; A. Knox and wife, Flintville, Mo.; H. K. Stern, Chicago; N. S. Ricks, Taylorville, Ill.; Scott J. Miller, Peoria; Mrs. J. M. Lister, Dodge City, Kan.; L. H. White, Fort Smith, Ark.

At the St. Nicholas—A. M. Case, Kansas City; G. W. Layton, Chicago; F. K. H. Houston, Tex.; J. W. Shelton, Neosho; C. O. Skidmore, Charleston, Ill.; W. P. Orr, Boston; J. P. Smith, Chicago, Ill.

At the Southern—W. M. Williams, Knoxville; G. M. Payne, Kansas City; W. A. Russell, Chicago; T. L. Cox, Little Rock; H. L. Rose, New York; J. H. Jones, Little Rock; Charles H. McDonald, Chicago; Elmer Weber, Kansas; W. J. John R. Towles, New York; W. G. Sadler, Nashville, Tenn.

All Northern Summer Resorts Are quickly and comfortably reached by the Illinois Central Railroad.

A BRIDEGROOM GONE.

MUSIC TEACHER LOVEJOY QUIETLY WENT AWAY.

ALSO THE BRIDE'S MONEY.

TOLD HIS WIFE HE WAS A GOVERNMENT DETECTIVE.

She Gave Him \$500 to Deposit, but There Is Yet No Clue to Its Whereabouts.

Mrs. Guy C. Lovejoy's romance, begun in Cedar Rapids, Ia., three months ago, has come to a sad end.

Her husband has decamped with her money, leaving her helpless and dependent on the bounty of friends.

The Lovejoys boarded at 123 Washington avenue, where Lovejoy passed as a music teacher. According to his story to his wife he was also a detective in the Government service. He left the house last Saturday morning, and his wife has not heard from him since.

Mrs. Lovejoy has left the boarding-house and is now staying with Mrs. Callahan, a friend, at 1411 Wash street.

She is a sad-faced little woman of 40, but her gray hair makes her look older. Lovejoy is 52 years old and a cripple.

When a Post-Dispatch reporter questioned her about her husband she said: "I do not know that my husband meant to desert me. I am living in hope."

"We were married in Cedar Rapids three months ago. Mr. Lovejoy had a good income as a music teacher and I had a little money. He seemed anxious to impress upon me that he was a government detective and was apt to be called away at any time on short notice."

"After we came to St. Louis I gave him \$500 and asked him to deposit it in my name in some bank. He told me he had put it in the Bank of Commerce."

"He said he had money, but I never saw much of it. He told me he had made a first payment of \$300 on a house on Delmar boulevard, but I could never induce him to take me out to look at the property."

"When I asked him to draw my money out of the bank last Saturday he said he might not be able to get it until Monday."

"I have not seen him since. I reported his disappearance to the police, not because I thought he had run away, but because I feared he might have met with some mishap in town."

"I have since learned he did not deposit my \$500 in the Bank of Commerce."

"I did not drink, but if he did he never let me catch him at it. He may have been called away on government business, and I still hope everything will turn out well."

MAY BE HELD FOR RANSOM.

Mysterious Disappearance of Aged Mrs. Kate McHugh.

Nothing has been heard of Mrs. Kate McHugh, 72 years old, since she mysteriously left the home of her daughter, Mrs. M. O'Malley, at 464 St. Louis avenue, at 3 p. m. Monday.

Mrs. O'Malley had heard no word from her mother Thursday, although she had notified the police and had advertised for information.

The family and neighbors have many theories as to the disappearance, but none of them has enlightened the searchers the least bit. The theory that the old lady is a prisoner somewhere held for ransom gives the case a resemblance to the disappearance of little George Sussanka, two years ago, yet this case is stranger because of the advanced age of Mrs. McHugh.

During the very hot weather the old lady was kept in the house and watched, it being feared that her slightly impaired mind might lead her into the heat and she would be prostrated. When the cool wave came Sunday she was allowed to sit on the lawn. She was there many hours, and made no effort to leave the yard.

Monday afternoon she was sitting on the lawn. That was the last seen of her. Where she went or how she left the yard is not known.

She wore a small black lace cap, a black cashmere dress and shawl, and a pair of soft black shoes. Her hair is white and her face considerably wrinkled.

A gentleman living in Normandy writes the Post-Dispatch that he read the item concerning Mrs. McHugh's disappearance in Wednesday's paper and that a woman answering her description was in Normandy Wednesday afternoon. She was fed and put on a Suburban car going into the city.

Attorney Fout Released.

Frederick W. Fout, Jr., who was placed in custody by Judge Bassler Tuesday when he should settle several small estates in which he was executor, settled Wednesday and was released.

His Skull Fractured.

Henry Palmer of 1729 Iowa avenue was thrown from a buggy at Lafayette and Mississippi avenues, Wednesday night, and had his skull fractured.

Mackinac, Charlevoix, Etc.

The Illinois Central makes direct connections at Chicago for these points. No change of depot.

FLANNELS, CRASHES AND DUCKS.

All the popular novelties, quaint and queer, stylish and withal, have had from a third to a half dropped from the summer prices.

27-inch All-Wool Navy Blue Flannel Serge for ladies' and gents' Bathing Suits, 30c quality for 20c per yard.

24-inch Genuine Waterproof Cloth in all the leading shades, splendid for Bicycle Suits, worth 80c, for 60c per yard.

Only a few pieces left of our well-known Genuine Crash Suits, Boucle effect, all linen, for ladies' and gents' wear, 30c quality for 17 1/2c per yard.

27-inch Dublin Plain Linen Finished Suits, all the rage for separate skirts, down to 64c per yard, a special bargain.

All our Checked Duck Suits in black, blue and brown, marked down to \$1.50 per yard.

Only a few pieces left of our well-known fancy plaid genuine, dust-proof Cover Cloth for Bicycle Suits and separate skirts, only 18-20c per yard.

EMBROIDERIES. Still the

tide of wise buyers ebbs and flows

at our embroidery department.

Eager purchasers await chances to get to the counters. These for Thursday and Friday—they may last until closing time Saturday.

7-inch wide Hamburg Embroidery, 13c yard, reduced from 20c.

10-inch wide Hamburg Skirting, 27c yard, reduced from 40c.

5-inch wide Hamburg Embroidery, 10c yard, reduced from 15c.

5-inch wide Swiss Embroidery, 10c yard, reduced from 20c.

6-inch wide Pin Dot Swiss Embroidery, 12c yard, reduced from 20c.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

A glimpse of our children's clothing stock is sufficient to convince mothers that Barr's is the place to buy Boys' Clothing. Note the bargains we are offering this week.

Boys' All-wool "Middy" Suits, 1 to 8 years, worth \$1.00, going at \$1.47.

Boys' Brown Suits in Blue Serge, blue, black, plaid and mixed chevrons, well worth \$2.00, going at \$1.28.

Boys' All-wool Suits, elegant variety, numerous patterns, 4 to 16 years, going at \$1.47.

Boys' Blue Serge, Blue and Black Clay Worsted, the very nicest suits for the warm weather, worth \$2.50 to \$3.00, going at \$1.45.

Boys' All-wool Pants, worth 55c, going at 40c.

Boys' Wash Pants at 25c, 30c and 40c.

All Wash Suits at less than manufacturers' cost.

MILLINERY. Many of the

happiest millinery ideas are a trifle belated—the only remedy for tardiness is the greatest reduction in

Millinery prices ever known.

10 dozen white split brad Sailor Hats, wide brim and the proper crown, sold at 90c; Friday sale, 50c each.

5 dozen Linen Walking Hats, regular 50c hats; for Friday sale, 35c each.

10 dozen Colored Imported English rough brad Sailor Hats, trimmed in assorted colors in velvet, the crown always

NEW HOSPITAL THREE YEARS OFF.

THE CITY COMMISSION PATIENTLY WAITING FOR THE FUNDS TO COME IN.

It Will Be a Year Before There Is Enough Money to Build One Cottage.

MEANWHILE THE EXISTING MAKESHIFT IS A DREADFUL MENACE TO LIFE.

Mayor Ziegenhein Proposes to Shake Up the Assembly and See What Can Be Done.

The City Hospital commission is one year, three months and sixteen days old. It has demonstrated its conversational powers. It has learned to talk. A mass of unsightly ruins where was once a city hospital, not yet hidden by lichens from public view, replies in eloquent silence



IN THE INSANE DEPARTMENT.

to the mass of words let loose at the City Hall.

A ramshackle maze, the remnants of one of God's penitentiaries, out at Seventeenth and Pine streets, takes up the chorus, and the conversation goes right on.

But nobody is doing anything towards building the new City Hospital meanwhile. That's the trouble.

An old inhabitant recalls that in March, 1896, one ordinance was passed by the Municipal Assembly and approved by the Mayor, "providing for a hospital commission and prescribing the powers and duties thereof."

Very few persons paid any attention to the enactment at the time, as there were no salaries attached, and those who presumed anything about it supposed it would be a repetition of the commission appointed somewhere in the vicinity of 1891 to build a new City Hall.

But the tornado of May, 1896, swept the

ing of buildings. Said commission, "says the law, 'shall make reports from time to time, to be forwarded through the Mayor to the Municipal Assembly, and when they deem necessary they shall prepare and submit to the assembly ordinances embracing what legislation is needed.'"

A reporter for the Post-Dispatch called at the Health Commissioner's office Thursday to ascertain how far the commission had progressed in its labors, and what it expected to do next.

In the absence of Dr. Starkloff the necessary inquiries were pointed at Dr. Bruere, as for instance:

"When did the City Hospital Commission hold its last meeting?"

"Oh," said the doctor, cheerily, "some time ago."



OVERCROWDED WARDS.

other room and one may start in at the front door with an honest intention to reach a cot in the north end and find himself in the basement of the southwest end. That's the way to find the record office, for instance. Start in another direction and keep going.

This being the condition of the institution for a man in good health, what would become of the hundreds of sick in the event of fire?

And then the overcrowding is tremendous. The rooms are caddy holes, never intended for hospital purposes, and into them maimed and broken humanity is packed like sardines in a box.

The cells where the insane are temporarily kept may be a trifle larger than a cross-tender's box or a peanut-vender's receptacle.

great, but the difference is not large. In them the patients sweeter and pant for a breath of pure air.

Dr. Sutter is not to blame for these things. He keeps the institution scrupulously clean and does everything in his power to make the lives of his patients bearable.

The City Hospital Commission is not entirely to blame, provided its interpretation of the law is good.

It rests with the Municipal Assembly to provide the money for the immediate building of a City Hospital.

The authorities are assuming a great responsibility when they propose to keep the old building at Seventeenth and Pine for two or three years yet.

Health Commissioner Starkloff is optimistic about the proposed new City Hospital, and makes excuses for the old ramshackle at Seventeenth and Pine streets.

"No," Post-Dispatch reporter he said, "ever since the tornado we have been cramped for money and overcrowded in all the city institutions. There are now 500 patients in the insane asylum, when there never have been over 300. The four-house, work-house and City Hospital are taxed to their utmost capacity. Meanwhile the demands for temporary accommodations, naturally unusual, have absorbed every available dollar."

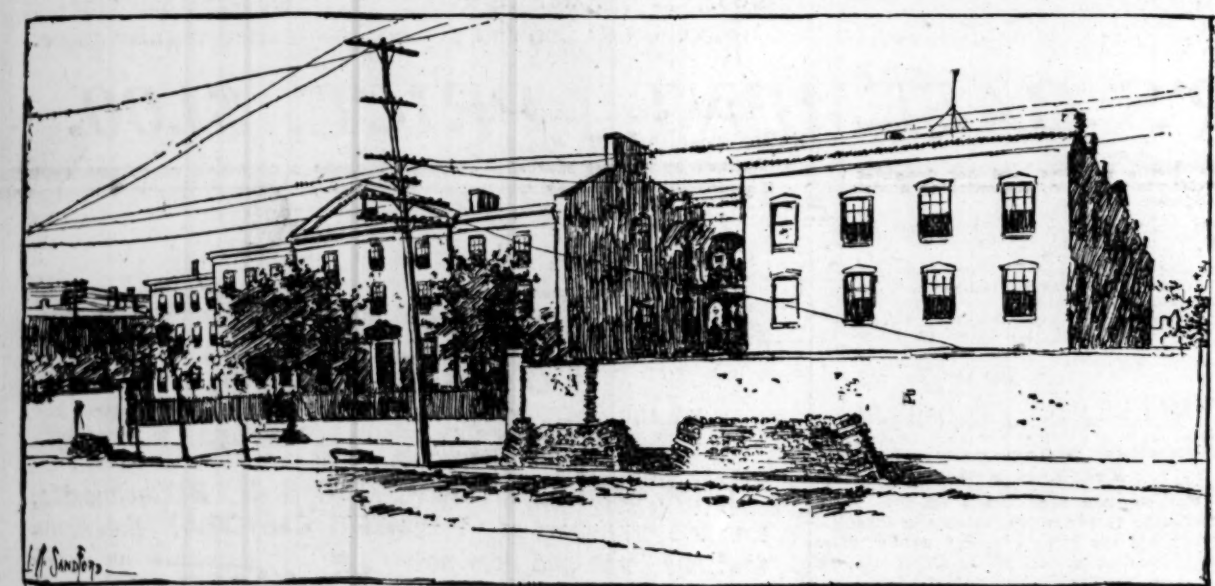
The Municipal Assembly is not to blame. It can do nothing with an empty treasury. It must wait until the money comes in. The assembly has just cut off \$250,000 from all the departments of the city government, in order to make both ends meet. In short, the city is tiding over the tornado losses until the September and October collections are made.

"About the new City Hospital, we have nearly \$100,000 on hand, but the commission does not deem it good policy to follow in the footsteps of the new City Hall. It would mean money enough in sight to finish at least the working plant and one building before a stroke of work is done."

The commission has practically agreed on the plan, which will be what is known as the 'Lohsant' plan, and how they are going to construct it to catch the sun the longest during each day.

When completed, and we estimate the cost at \$1,000,000. The buildings will be two stories high, connected by a covered corridor. The administration block is to be three stories.

"We will probably occupy the present City Hospital two years yet. I am not bragging on its accommodations, but I



EXTERIOR OF TEMPORARY CITY HOSPITAL.

old City Hospital into a pile of ruins. The commission was only a few weeks old then, and it suddenly developed into prominence as a factor in the rebuilding of the city.

Since then there have been many inquiries concerning it. Even the names of those who compose its membership have been lost to view in the dim vistas of the past.

The Hospital Commission now consists of Mayor Ziegenhein, Health Commissioner Starkloff, Halsey C. Ives, Delegate Mopham, Dr. Charles H. Hughes and Dr. Albert Merrill, appointed to serve four years without compensation.

Halsey C. Ives is the chairman.

The august body was "charged with the duty of formulating a scheme or plan for the construction or reconstruction and general location, distribution and management of the hospitals belonging to the city for the purpose of producing a complete, harmonious system for said institutions, and designate the direction of needed expenditures in the construction or remodel-

Up in the Mayor's office his honor fanned himself thoughtfully and bore the heat without apparent effort.

"Mr. Ziegenhein," said one of my first carous. Yes, we have had two or three meetings since I entered upon my office."

"When are you going to build the new City Hospital?"

"Just as soon as we get the money. You see, we have a sinking fund of 1 per cent, I think it is. We have now \$40,000 with which to begin work, but we cannot do much with that under the plan that is proposed—that is, the cottage system. We must have enough funds in our possession to build at least one section. Then we can begin."

"When will more money become available?"

"Probably next September, when taxes are due and payable."

"Has the Commission agreed on its specifications and details?"

"Not yet. There is no special hurry, since we can do nothing until the money is available."

So Dr. Bruere was right when he said it would be two or three years yet before a new hospital could be ready for use.

Meanwhile, the makeshift at Seventeenth and Pine streets is a menace to life. It is an old fire-trap, built with so many blind alleys, so many twistings and turnings, that a daily visitor cannot find the way out.

The standing joke of the doorkeeper is to tell visitors to "go down into the record office and get whatever information you want."

They never get there without returning for a guide. Every room opens into every

claim we can show marvelous results there, under adverse conditions. As for the dispensary, it now has no superior in this country.

"Harsh criticism will not help to build a new city hospital. It is purely a business proposition. The City Hospital Commission has done its preliminary work, and there is no need of much further debate at the time. We can only recommend to the assembly, and our recommendations are ready whenever the money gets in sight."

A NIGHT'S FATAL FUN.

Bookkeeper Batmer in a Critical Condition at the City Hospital.

Harry L. Batmer, aged 18, living at 1729 A Iowa avenue, a bookkeeper at the Dittman Shoe Co., Seventh and Lucas avenues, is in a dying condition at the City Hospital, the result of a night's fatal fun.

Young Batmer hired a horse and buggy Wednesday night and proceeded to have a good time. In making his rounds he inquired about freely and soon became intoxicated.

About 2 a. m. Thursday he was playing fire department in the South End. When driving south on Mississippi avenue, at Lafayette, the horse became unmanageable and ran away. Before the animal had gone a half block Batmer was thrown out of the vehicle, alighting on his head in the street.

Several police officers who had witnessed the runaway picked up the young man and found him unconscious. They removed him to the City Hospital, where it was found he had sustained a fracture of the skull and was suffering from hemorrhage of the brain. His condition is pronounced critical. The horse and buggy were recovered within a few blocks of the accident.

Washington and Vincennes, Ind., and intermediate points. \$1.00 for the round trip. Special train leaves Union Station 8:30 a. m. Sunday, July 18, via R. & O. & W. R. Y. Ticket office, 106 North Broadway, and Union Station.

NO COIN FOR STREETS. "BUMS AND LOAFERS."

NO PROVISION FOR THEM IN THE APPROPRIATION BILL.

BLOCKS ALL IMPROVEMENT.

ONLY RECOURSE IS FOR OWNERS TO PAY ALL THE BILLS.

New Work Amounting to \$2,000,000 Placed on the Shelf for an Indefinite Time.

There will not be a new street built in St. Louis this year unless the property owners pay the city's share of the cost. The general appropriation bill does not provide a penny for the purpose.

Street Commissioner Milner asked for \$200,000 for new work. This was only about a third of what he actually needed. Complaints have been received daily at the Street Department about the delay in beginning work. The reason was that there was no money in the fund for grading and paving, and under the charter the city must pay the grading and paving of the streets. The work was not done last year because the city could not pay its share. It will not be done this year for the same reason.

The Board of Public Improvements has acted favorably on the proposition to place \$2,000,000 worth of new work on the shelf for an indefinite time. The estimated total cost was \$425,000, of which \$35,000 was the city's share. The appropriation last year was \$40,000. This amount released \$80,000 in special tax bills and created \$80,000 worth of work.

If Street Commissioner Milner had got the \$100,000 it would have released upward of a million dollars in special tax bills and created that much more work.

"That settles it," said Mr. Milner. "We might as well shut up shop. There is little remaining to be done. The people object to paying their own share. They will not pay the city's. I would have been glad if they had only given \$25,000. I could release a great deal of work with that. You see, in many cases, the city's share is very small. Here, for instance, on North Market street, between Whittier and Marcus, the city's share is only \$88. That amount would cause the property owners to pay \$18.18."

The department is only given \$55,000 for macadam repairs; \$35,000 of this has already been spent, leaving only \$20,000 from the appropriation. This is a mere trifle and will not keep a fraction of the streets in repair. The city is in a bad way. From the push standpoint the worst thing in connection with the lack of appropriation is that there will be no jobs for inspectors.

There have been numerous hearings and the Street and Railroad Committee of the House of Representatives is ready to introduce ordinances in the assembly for \$2,000,000 worth of new work. None of them will now be introduced, unless the property owners come forward and offer to assume the excess. Very few of them are willing to bear their share, much less that of the city.

The preliminary work has been done on improvements nearly fifty miles in length. Twenty-seven pieces of granite work were held over from the last assembly, aggregating 6.17 miles. The estimated total cost was \$425,000, of which \$35,000 was the city's share. The appropriation last year was \$40,000. This amount released \$80,000 in special tax bills and created \$80,000 worth of work.

If Street Commissioner Milner had got the \$100,000 it would have released upward of a million dollars in special tax bills and created that much more work.

"That settles it," said Mr. Milner. "We might as well shut up shop. There is little remaining to be done. The people object to paying their own share. They will not pay the city's. I would have been glad if they had only given \$25,000. I could release a great deal of work with that. You see, in many cases, the city's share is very small. Here, for instance, on North Market street, between Whittier and Marcus, the city's share is only \$88. That amount would cause the property owners to pay \$18.18."

The department is only given \$55,000 for macadam repairs; \$35,000 of this has already been spent, leaving only \$20,000 from the appropriation. This is a mere trifle and will not keep a fraction of the streets in repair. The city is in a bad way. From the push standpoint the worst thing in connection with the lack of appropriation is that there will be no jobs for inspectors.

POOL-SELLERS LOST.

JUDGE FISHER REFUSED TO ENJOIN POLICE OFFICERS.

BREEDERS' BILL STANDS.

DECISION RENDERED ON A QUESTION OF JURISDICTION.

Held That Courts of Equity Had No Right to Enjoin in Criminal Court Cases.

The breeders' bill passed by the last Legislature prohibiting pool selling except on race tracks by licensed pool sellers was sustained in all its features by Judge Fisher in Division No. 4 of the Circuit Court Thursday.

Frank Carr and William Davis, pool sellers, were denied the injunction they asked for to restrain the city officers from closing up their pool rooms and interfering with their business.

Judge Fisher denied the injunction mainly on the ground that they had applied to the equity court for relief. He said a court of equity had no right to enjoin officials from acting in matters which came under the jurisdiction of criminal courts.

Arguments of some length were made on both sides. The pool players went into the equity court to get relief from the breeders' bill, which they said was a violation of the constitution. The city officials argued that the breeders' bill was a valid law and that the pool players were interfering with the public peace.

The law was passed in the interest of the Fair Grounds, they said, to prevent the sale of stolen goods and to prevent the sale of stolen goods and to prevent the sale of stolen goods.

Circuit Counselor Marshall, for the city, did not enter into the question of the merits of the bill at all, but talked solely on the jurisdiction of the court in the matter. Judge Fisher took this view of it and denied the injunction.

This leaves the bill where it was before, so far as its standing as a valid law is concerned. The question of its constitutionality has not yet been tested.

Circuit Tours to the Great Lakes and Michigan.

The BURLINGTON ROUTE has tickets on sale to Duluth, Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Michigan resorts, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo, going via St. Paul and returning via the East, part way via steamer on the Great Lakes, final limit of tickets Oct. 31. Call at City Ticket Office, southwest corner Broadway and Olive st.

STARVED AND BEATEN.

Mrs. Leiffrind Procures a Police Summons for Her Husband.

"I have not had any food in the house for three days except bread," said Mrs. Lizzie Leiffrind to Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Johnson Thursday morning.

"My four children are starving and my eldest daughter has gone to work every morning for breakfast."

She then said her husband, Frank, had refused to do any of the housework, and moreover, had struck her with a poker Thursday morning. She was referred to the police and a summons was issued.

COUNCILMAN HAGAN'S ATTACK ON CERTAIN INSPECTORS.

MILNER SAYS THEY ARE NICE.

FINE QUESTIONS ARGUED BY MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL.

An Inquiry Into the Earning Capacity of the City's System of Inspection.

The ears of St. Louis' small army of inspectors must have tingled between 4 and 7 o'clock Wednesday evening. The City Council was in session, and some of the members made very unkind remarks about these "gentlemen of leisure."

The appropriation bill, which was under discussion, set apart \$3,600 for salaries of three smoke inspectors. The item brought several of the members to their feet.

Mr. Gast said: "The city has no need for such officers. They do nothing but ride around and look at the smoke."

"There has not been a case in the Police Court in eight months," declared Mr. Hagan. "We are simply paying these people pensions of \$1,200 a year."

The three men have already drawn \$1,200 from the treasury for the first four months of the year. This amount only was allowed. There was talk of repealing the ordinance but as this would take time it was agreed to simply make no further allowance for the officers.

Mr. Gast objected again to the appropriation for sprinkling inspectors. He thought they were even less useful than the smoke inspectors. He was outvoted, and the appropriation passed.

The Uthoff bill calls for an increase from \$2 to \$4 inspectors at an additional expense of over \$15,000 a year.

Mr. Carroll and Mr. Hagan jumped on the street railroad inspectors. Carroll said they worked half the time and rode around on passes the balance.

Mr. Hagan called them "bums and loafers," but the Council approved the appropriation.

These are the men who Mr. Hagan says are "bums and loafers."

W. C. Dietz, Henry Schultz, Roger Armstrong, Alfred Cotty, Geo. Harlow, A. Robyn, Wm. Rockwell, W. H. Stevens, John Straesser, Wm. McAdams, John Wachtel, F. C. Gastor, James Hennerly, Sam Wheeler, C. W. Schoedbeck, Victor Falkenhainer.

Street Commissioner Milner says they are the "nicest" lot of men ever gathered together. "They are gentlemen, every one of them," he said. "I can hardly believe they are day men and only work when they are needed."

The pay-roll for the past month shows they were employed from two to thirteen days, and received at \$2.50 a day from \$5 to \$37.50 each.

They inspect the paving and repair work done by the street railway companies.

There have been numerous hearings and the Street and Railroad Committee of the House of Representatives is ready to introduce ordinances in the assembly for \$2,000,000 worth of new work. None of them will now be introduced, unless the property owners come forward and offer to assume the excess. Very few of them are willing to bear their share, much less that of the city.

The preliminary work has been done on improvements nearly fifty miles in length. Twenty-seven pieces of granite work were held over from the last assembly, aggregating 6.17 miles. The estimated total cost was \$425,000, of which \$35,000 was the city's share. The appropriation last year was \$40,000. This amount released \$80,000 in special tax bills and created \$80,000 worth of work.

If Street Commissioner Milner had got the \$100,000 it would have released upward of a million dollars in special tax bills and created that much more work.

"That settles it," said Mr. Milner. "We might as well shut up shop. There is little remaining to be done. The people object to paying their own share. They will not pay the city's. I would have been glad if they had only given \$25,000. I could release a great deal of work with that. You see, in many cases, the city's share is very small. Here, for instance, on North Market street, between Whittier and Marcus, the city's share is only \$88. That amount would cause the property owners to pay \$18.18."

The department is only given \$55,000 for macadam repairs; \$35,000 of this has already been spent, leaving only \$20,000 from the appropriation. This is a mere trifle and will not keep a fraction of the streets in repair. The city is in a bad way. From the push standpoint the worst thing in connection with the lack of appropriation is that there will be no jobs for inspectors.

AN OLD MAN TRICKED.

LOANED HIS CHILDREN \$1,800 ON THEIR 100-YEAR NOTES.

COULD NOT READ ENGLISH.

Badly Treated at Their Home, He Asks the Court to Restore His Money.

John Lohsant, 63 years old and unable to talk English, has appealed to the Circuit Court to recover \$1,800, the savings of many years, which he thinks he is about to be defrauded of by his daughter, Lena, and her husband, James Rayburn.

Lohsant says that in November, 1896, he had \$1,800 in bank and that his son-in-law, who does not speak German, persuaded him through his wife to give the money to them. They explained to him how they could use it better than he could and how they would assure him a comfortable home in his old age, he would have nothing to worry about.

"They were to pay it back in \$50 installments, giving notes supposed to fall due every six months, the notes not bearing interest. They were made out by James Rayburn in English. Lohsant accepted them in good faith and kept them until the first of January, 1897, when he discovered that the notes were payable 100 years from date."

He raised such a row over this that they destroyed the 100-year notes and gave him ones of shorter date. The discovery of the 100-year notes, however, put them in such a bad humor with him that they refused to even up in other ways. He says they reduced his meals to the most scanty preparations and what they did give him was badly cooked and served. When ever he complained they abused him and beat him.

On top of all this Lohsant says that they have taken some of his money and invested it in their own names in a piece of real estate on Lincoln avenue with the intention of keeping it for themselves.

He asks the court to make them give him back his \$1,800 and let him live as he pleases.

GANG CAPTURED.

They Led Chicago Police a Dance on Thursday Night.

CHICAGO, July 15.—Officers from the Des Plaines Street Station to-day succeeded in capturing the party of alleged highwaymen who were chased by two patrol wagons loaded with officers last night and who succeeded in making their escape in a buggy after a running fight lasting for several blocks. The party was located in a saloon at a saloon at West Harrison street. They were taken completely by surprise and offered no resistance. None of the men were injured, although the buggy which they occupied and which was afterwards located was riddled with bullets.

Banker Burlington Convicted.

JOPLIN, Mo., July 15.—T. E. Burlington was convicted of grand larceny here last night and got three years in the penitentiary. The charge was receiving goods stolen from the bank, while he was President of the Bank of Commerce of Springfield, Mo.

Booth-Tucker Starts West.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 15.—Commander Booth-Tucker of the Salvation Army here last night, yesterday for Colorado, accompanied by officials of the Santa Fe, who are assisting him in locating a colony of the poor in the West. The first colony is to be located in Colorado.

BRADT'S THIS WEEK!

Midsummer Clearing Sale. HOT WEATHER SHOES LESS THAN COST.

BARGAINS For Everybody. If you can wear a narrow shoe and small sizes, 1 to 3, AA, A, B width, you can buy them at 50c, 75c AND \$1.00 Regular Price \$2.00 to \$3.00. J. G. BRADT SHOE CO. Cor. Broadway and Lucas Av.

Trusts have invaded even the Christian Church. The methods of the market have been applied to the business of the House of God. The story will be told from two points of view in the next Sunday Post-Dispatch.

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES." GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF SAPOLIO. A. MOLL GROCER CO.

Phone 2666 614, 616, 618 FRANKLIN AV. and 822 N. 7th ST. Estab. 1858

SPECIALS FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

A. Moll's finest Crystal Drip Syrup, per gallon...39c
Rye Flour, best quality, 14 lbs for...25c
Bright, Yellow Corn Meal, 7 lbs for...10c
Ammonia and Wash Blue, large 10c bottles, each...7c
A fine Carpet Broom, 4 strings, hand-sewed, each...17c
Mexican Oranges, fine fancy fruit, per dozen...25c
New Blackberry Jam and other fruits, 3-lb. stone jars...19c
Clam Juice, large 2-lb. cans, each...13c

...TEAS...
Gunpowder, Oolong, English Breakfast and Imperial Tea, per pound 23c...\$1.00
5 pounds for...\$1.00
J. A. Gilka Kuemmel, per bottle...\$1.15
8-year-old Sherwood Rye Whisky, per quart bottle, 85c—per gallon...\$2.65
Bob Pepper Whisky, 4-year-old, per bottle, 45c—per gallon...\$2.00
T. J. Monarch 5-year-old Whisky, per bottle, 50c—per gallon...\$2.25
Port, Sherry and Angelica, 5-year-old, California Wines, per gallon...\$7.50

Write or Ask for Price List.

HE WAS INFATUATED.

A GLASS-BLOWER'S NOTE FELL INTO POLICE HANDS.

PRETTY LITTLE DORA KING.

PROMPT ACTION BY THE MOTHER ENDED THE ROMANCE.

Now the Man Accused Is Under Arrest on Charge of Disturbing the Peace.

Michael J. Gill, although married, allowed his mad infatuation for twelve-year-old Dora King to get the better of his discretion, and he is now in serious trouble. Gill is a glass-blower and lives with his family at Twelfth and Lami streets. Dora King, a pretty, dark-eyed girl, well-developed in body and mind, was a neighbor of Gill's for her years, lives with her widowed mother at 48 Lami street. Gill works at the glass-works at the foot of Anna street, and on his journeys to and from work he frequently observed the child about her home.

The witchery of her fresh young girlhood and her innocent grace, instead of appealing to his nobler sense, excited his baser passions, and he endeavored to arrange a meeting with her. As he passed her house July 1 he handed her a note. The note was signed "Charles Meyers." The writer asked the girl to meet him some evening or Sunday, and said he had long admired her in secret.

The girl turned the note over to her mother, who immediately gave it to Father. He immediately made an in-effective search for "Charles Meyers" and only Wednesday learned that Gill was the culprit. Gill was arrested at his home and a charge of disturbing the peace was placed against him.

Gill's mother says she cannot account for Gill's conduct toward her daughter. She does not know the man, and says the girl does not remember having ever seen her married admirer. Three weeks ago the child told her she had been followed on the streets by a man who somewhat resembles Gill, but she does not know positively whether he was the man.

Gill failed to show up in the Police Court Thursday, and his bond was forfeited.

FIGHTS WITH HIS TEETH.

Wm. Kelly's Queer Complaint Against Wm. Kennah.

William Kelly of 214 Cass avenue told a startling story to Assistant City Attorney E. C. Dodge at the Dayton Street Police Court.

Prevention better than cure. Tutt's Liver Pills will not only cure, but if taken in time will prevent Sick Headache, dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria, constipation, jaundice, torpid liver and kindred diseases. TUTT'S Liver PILLS ABSOLUTELY CURE.

coal oil tank holding fully a
ten feet away from where
and was stopped.
over the fire were several

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

FOR RENT ROOMS, ETC.

The Burdens of the Household

Are oftentimes lightened
by taking a boarder.

Try **P.-D. Wants.**

14 Words 20 Cents.

Any drug store in St. Louis is authorized to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for the Post-Dispatch. The Post-Dispatch has Three Special Telephones exclusively for handling this business.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE.

30 words or less, 5c.

BAKER-An experienced baker wants position in a country town. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

BAKER-Situation wanted by first-class cake baker and ice cream maker. 1710 S. 7th st., up stairs. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

BAKER-Cook, reliable bread and cake baker, wishes position, city or country. F. R. 3001 North Market st. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

BUTCHER-A young man, experienced butcher, wants a situation; good recommendations given. Ad. G. 21, Post-Dispatch.

BUTLER-Wanted, etc. by a sober young colored man as butler for a household or colored cookman. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

BOY-A good German boy wishes a situation to learn the baker trade. Ad. 1830 O'Fallon st., down stairs. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

BOOK-KEEPER-Wanted, situation either as book-keeper or stenographer; accurate and rapid at figures; salary moderate. Ad. M. 17, Post-Dispatch.

BOOK-KEEPER-Wanted, position by first-class book-keeper, an employed at present, but desires to change; can give good references. Ad. B. 17, Post-Dispatch.

CARPENTER-Situation wanted by carpenter of St. Louis with tools, competent, competent. Ad. L. 22, Post-Dispatch.

CARPENTER-Wanted, by a reliable carpenter, situation; will work for \$1.50 per day or by job. Ad. L. 22, Post-Dispatch.

CARPENTER-Wanted, situation of any kind by a carpenter; will work reasonable. Davis, 1538 N. 18th st. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

COACHMAN-Situation wanted by German as coachman or to do general work; competent, reliable; long experience; clean about himself and work; city references. Ad. W. 21, Post-Dispatch.

COACHMAN-Wanted, situation by experienced, first-class coachman; city references. Ad. L. 22, Post-Dispatch.

COACHMAN-Wanted, situation by a coachman who thoroughly understands his business; city refs. Coachman, 3549 Olive st. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

ENGINEER-Wanted, situation as engineer, with some experience in electric lighting; best of references. Ad. Box 54, Wright City, Mo. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

GARDENER-Wanted, situation by German for gardening and general work on private place. Ad. P. 22, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by first-class colored man to run a grocery store; city refs. Ad. B. 17, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Will give \$5 for steady position; laboring man with family; good goods; factory; night or day. Ad. P. 22, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by young man to do work of any kind, city or country. Apply 2004 St. Louis av. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, work of any kind by a colored man who can cook. Ad. M. 22, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation taking care of horse, work around house; handy with tools. Ad. 1625 S. Jefferson av. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-An honest, aged man wants position, making himself useful in store, business place or home in respectable family. Ad. Phillips, 4505 San Francisco av. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Situation wanted by white man, honest, sober, industrious, to attend to horses, cow, lawn, garden, etc.; best city references. Ad. G. 21, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

MAN-Wanted, situation by a man who can cook, wash, iron, and do general housework. Ad. A. 605, Post-Dispatch.

HELP WANTED-MALE.

14 words or less, 10c.

SADDLE HANDS WANTED-Apply at Meyer, Hammerman & Co., 616 N. 6th st.

SALESMAN WANTED-To sell Pettit's, grocers' canned goods and other specialties by sample. Model Mfg. Co., South Bend, Ind.

SHOEMAKER WANTED-Hand edger, setter. 828 North Market st. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

SOLICITORS WANTED-Experienced solicitors who can give small security may secure profitable employment at 1101 Chestnut St.

STONE CUTTER-Meeting to-night at 604 Market st. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

YOUNG MAN WANTED-Bright young man of good appearance; must be a hustler. 511 N. 6th st., upstairs. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

STOVE REPAIRS.

CASTINGS and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 210 Locust st.

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE.

30 words or less, 5c.

COOK-Situation wanted by a colored woman as cook; good references. 1530 Dickson st.

COOK-Wanted, sit. by an experienced cook to do cooking and dishwashing in a private home; no washing or ironing; state wages; which must be good. Ad. R. 21, Post-Dispatch.

COOK-A middle-aged woman wishes a situation to cook, wash and iron in a small family. 2013 Broadway. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

COOK-An experienced cook wishes situation to do washing and ironing in private family or boarding-house. 2115 Franklin av., rear.

COOK-Wanted, situation by first-class cook to do washing, ironing, etc. in a private family; no washing or ironing; state wages; which must be good. Ad. R. 21, Post-Dispatch.

COOK-A good, steady colored woman wishes a place to cook and do general housework. Apply at 804 N. King's highway.

COMPANION-Wanted, by refined middle-aged lady, position as companion; competent at all household duties; good references. Ad. P. 22, Post-Dispatch.

DRESSMAKER-First-class dressmaker desires a few more engagements; will work cheap during dull season; best refs. Ad. K. 16, Post-Dispatch.

DRESSMAKER-Wanted, sewing in families by first-class dressmaker; \$1 per day. Helen Smith, 1515 Washington av. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

FOREWOMAN-Wanted, situation as forewoman to take charge of fitting room in shoe factory; best of city references. Ad. A. 23, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation as housewife or to do general housework. Ad. 215 S. Jefferson av. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl of 16 for light housework or as nurse for a child. Ad. H. 23, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, first-class colored family; call or write 809 N. 13th st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by experienced girl for general work; no washing; suburbs preferred. 5108 Patton av. Ad. D. 15, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HOUSEWIFE-Wanted, situation by a girl for general housework; washing and ironing; small family; good wages. 2010 Hefner st., call at 4111 Emily st.

HELP WANTED-FEMALE.

14 words or less, 10c.

BRING THE BARK for picture before the very hot weather comes. Guerin, 405 N. Broadway.

CHAMBERMAIDS WANTED-2 chambermaids who can give good references. 1620 Locust st.

COOK WANTED-German girl for cook and wash. 5186 Raymond av.

COOK WANTED-A first-class cook with good references at once. Call at 2827 Locust st.

COOK WANTED-Girl as cook and to assist with general housework. 4085 Morgan st.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

14 words or less, 20c.
 BOUND-For sale, 20 acres corner of Olive and Craig roads, with 100 ft. of good fruiting property. B. T. Wright, 700 O'Fallon st.
 LOT-For sale, a beautiful, 30x150, 15th and 16th, 22 ft. front, A. J. E. Post-Dispatch.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

14 words or less, 20c.
 LAND-For sale, one acre of land for \$150; two railroads and electric line; 100 car feet; suitable for building estate, with 100 ft. of good fruiting property. B. T. Wright, 700 O'Fallon st.
 also 20 acres, Call 218 N. 14th st.

FARMS FOR SALE.

14 words or less, 20c.
 FARM-For sale, choice farm, 40 or 50 acres, on monthly payments. Call 218 N. 14th st.
 Dwellings for rent.

Dwellings for rent.

14 words or less, 20c.
 COOLEST RESIDENCE IN CITY FOR RENT!
 For rent, 10 rooms, river bluff, 2 observatories, over 100 ft. of river, to grounds 400 ft. Broadway.

MONEY WANTED.

14 words or less, 20c.
 TRUST DEEDS FOR SALE.
 We have for sale a number of trust deeds on real estate in city, with titles certified by best examiners.

HAYDEL & SON.

Established 1840. 109 N. 7th st.
 Get 6 Per Cent Interest on Your Money.
 We have for sale first deed of trust bearing 6 per cent interest secured on city real estate; security ample. Certificate of title with every loan. Amounts varied from \$400 upwards.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE.

14 words or less, 20c.
 MONEY TO LOAN
 In any amount on city real estate.
 BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY.
 No delay. NICHOLS-BITTER, 715 Chestnut st.

BORROWING MADE EASY.

On St. Louis real estate; charges the lowest. Quick action on all loans. ADAM BOKER & CO., 109 N. 7th st.
 MONEY loaned on real estate in all parts of town; quick action; lowest rates. HAYDEL & SON, 109 N. 7th st.

REMOVALS.

REMOVED to 1213 Washington av., Mrs. Delima, elegant and modern; art in trouble? She can advise and help. HILLING, 505 and 515.

STORAGE.

AMERICAN STORAGE AND MOVING CO., 2215 Olive-Moving, packing and shipping; storage in separate rooms. Tel. 1880. W. E. Langdale, President.

FIDELITY STORAGE, PACKING & MOVING CO.

1723-25-27 and 1729 Morgan St.
 Branch office 1107 Pine st. Rooms 2560 and 4101.

THE MARKETS.

Reports from Southern Illinois state that that section never had a drier weather crop than this year. The yield is good, ranging from 20 to 30 bushels per acre, and the grain is dry, clean, plump and more ready to handle than in years past. The corn crop is looking very fine since the recent heavy rains.

The Cincinnati Price Current says: "Crop changes unimportant. Corn, 10 to 12c; wheat, 10 to 12c; oats, 10 to 12c; barley, 10 to 12c; rye, 10 to 12c; clover, 10 to 12c; timothy, 10 to 12c; alfalfa, 10 to 12c; hay, 10 to 12c; straw, 10 to 12c; wood, 10 to 12c; coal, 10 to 12c; oil, 10 to 12c; sugar, 10 to 12c; flour, 10 to 12c; meat, 10 to 12c; fruit, 10 to 12c; vegetables, 10 to 12c; miscellaneous, 10 to 12c."

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

Thursday, July 15, Year Ago.
 Wheat 88,112 81,074 65-35
 Corn 10,000 24,000 20-30
 Oats 10,000 24,000 20-30
 Rye 10,000 24,000 20-30
 Barley 10,000 24,000 20-30
 No. 2 red winter 11,311 11,111 20-24-35
 No. 2 white winter 10,431 10,231 20-24-35
 No. 2 yellow corn 11,435 11,235 12-14-35
 No. 2 white corn 11,435 11,235 12-14-35
 No. 2 yellow corn 11,435 11,235 12-14-35
 No. 2 white corn 11,435 11,235 12-14-35

Regular Cash Market Prices.

Thursday, July 15, Year Ago.
 Wheat 88,112 81,074 65-35
 Corn 10,000 24,000 20-30
 Oats 10,000 24,000 20-30
 Rye 10,000 24,000 20-30
 Barley 10,000 24,000 20-30
 No. 2 red winter 11,311 11,111 20-24-35
 No. 2 white winter 10,431 10,231 20-24-35
 No. 2 yellow corn 11,435 11,235 12-14-35
 No. 2 white corn 11,435 11,235 12-14-35
 No. 2 yellow corn 11,435 11,235 12-14-35
 No. 2 white corn 11,435 11,235 12-14-35

Future Prices.

WHEAT.
 July 15, 1897 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1897 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1897 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1897 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1897 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1897 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1898 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1898 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1898 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1898 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1898 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1898 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1898 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1898 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1898 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1898 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1898 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1898 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1899 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1899 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1899 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1899 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1899 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1899 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1899 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1899 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1899 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1899 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1899 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1899 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1900 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1900 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1900 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1900 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1900 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1900 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1900 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1900 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1900 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1900 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1900 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1900 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1901 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1901 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1901 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1901 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1901 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1901 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1901 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1901 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1901 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1901 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1901 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1901 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1902 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1902 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1902 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1902 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1902 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1902 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1902 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1902 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1902 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1902 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1902 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1902 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1903 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1903 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1903 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1903 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1903 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1903 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1903 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1903 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1903 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1903 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1903 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1903 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1904 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1904 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1904 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1904 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1904 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1904 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1904 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1904 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1904 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1904 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1904 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1904 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1905 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1905 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1905 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1905 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1905 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1905 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1905 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1905 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1905 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1905 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1905 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1905 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1906 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1906 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1906 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1906 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1906 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1906 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1906 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1906 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1906 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1906 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1906 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1906 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1907 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1907 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1907 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1907 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1907 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1907 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1907 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1907 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1907 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1907 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1907 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1907 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1908 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1908 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1908 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1908 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1908 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1908 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1908 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1908 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1908 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1908 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1908 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1908 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1909 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1909 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1909 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1909 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1909 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1909 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1909 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1909 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1909 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1909 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1909 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1909 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1910 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1910 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1910 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1910 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1910 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1910 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1910 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1910 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1910 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1910 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1910 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1910 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1911 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1911 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1911 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1911 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1911 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1911 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1911 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1911 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1911 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1911 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1911 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1911 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1912 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1912 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1912 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1912 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1912 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1912 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1912 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1912 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1912 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1912 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1912 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1912 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1913 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1913 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1913 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1913 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1913 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1913 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1913 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1913 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1913 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1913 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1913 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1913 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1914 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1914 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1914 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1914 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1914 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1914 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1914 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1914 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1914 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1914 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1914 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1914 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1915 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1915 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1915 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1915 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1915 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1915 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1915 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1915 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1915 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1915 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1915 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1915 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1916 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1916 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1916 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1916 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1916 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1916 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1916 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1916 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1916 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1916 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1916 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1916 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1917 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1917 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1917 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1917 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1917 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1917 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1917 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1917 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1917 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1917 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1917 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1917 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1918 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1918 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1918 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1918 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1918 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1918 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1918 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1918 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1918 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1918 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1918 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1918 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1919 88,112 81,074 65-35
 February 15, 1919 88,112 81,074 65-35
 March 15, 1919 88,112 81,074 65-35
 April 15, 1919 88,112 81,074 65-35
 May 15, 1919 88,112 81,074 65-35
 June 15, 1919 88,112 81,074 65-35
 July 15, 1919 88,112 81,074 65-35
 August 15, 1919 88,112 81,074 65-35
 September 15, 1919 88,112 81,074 65-35
 October 15, 1919 88,112 81,074 65-35
 November 15, 1919 88,112 81,074 65-35
 December 15, 1919 88,112 81,074 65-35
 January 15, 1920

